

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of MASTERPLAST Nyilvánosan működő Részvénytársaság Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying 2023 consolidated financial statements of MASTERPLAST Nyilvánosan működő Részvénytársaság ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (altogether "the Group") 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu1 attached in a digital file, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 - showing a balance sheet total of EUR 210.056.466 and a total comprehensive income for the year of EUR 12.410.458 EUR loss-, the related consolidated profit and loss statement and consolidated statement of other comprehensive Income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("EU IFRSs") and has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the supplementary requirements of Act C of 2000 on Accounting ("Hungarian Accounting Law") relevant for consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with EU IFRSs.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hungarian National Standards on Auditing ("HNSA") and with applicable laws and regulations in force in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities (Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the applicable laws of Hungary, with the Hungarian Chamber of Auditors' Rules on ethics and professional conduct of auditors and on disciplinary process and, as well as with respect to issues not covered by these Rules, with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International

¹ digital identification of the above mentioned consolidated financial statements with the SHA 256 HASH algorithm: C3DD0C6443C011A953CAB8860D2B3121980E099C2DAA34BC5DC027D9159537C1



Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the IESBA Code) and we also comply with further ethical requirements set out in these.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Revenue recognition

The Group's consolidated revenue amounted to EUR 145.203.554 as of 31 December 2023. The Group focuses on revenue as a key performance measure which might create an incentive for revenue to be recognized before the risks and rewards have been transferred. During our audit we have to evaluate the risk of existence and completeness of revenue flows.

Based on this we consider revenue recognition significant to our audit and a key audit matter.

The Group's disclosures about revenue are included in Note 7.21 Revenue recognition and Note 30 Revenues per country to the consolidated annual financial statements.

Compliance with obligations (covenants) related to bond issuances and borrowings, liquidity risks.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company's total outstanding debt from bond issuances is EUR 50.872.370, of which the short-term obligations amount to EUR 7.817.635. The Company has issued bonds three times under the framework of the Hungarian National Bank's Growth Bond Program (NKP), denoted as Masterplast 2026/I HUF, 2027/I HUF, and 2031/I HUF.

Additionally, the Company reports an obligation due to borrowing of EUR 30.310.415, of which the repayment due within one year amounts to EUR 18.301.987.

Diligences performed in relation to the Key Audit Matters

Our audit procedures included, analysing the entire population of journal entries including correlations between revenue, accounts receivables, value added tax and cash inflows. We circularized outstanding debtor balances and tested subsequent cash inflows on a sample basis. We tested credit notes issued after the balance sheet date to assess whether revenue was recognized in the correct period.

We performed analytical review procedures on revenue comparing actual data to our expectations developed based on our prior experience of the Group's business, including performing detailed review of non-core transactions. We also considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in respect of revenue in the consolidated annual financial statements, including disclosure requirements of IFRS 15 standard.

- · We held discussions with management.
- We requested and reviewed loan agreements, bond prospectuses, and clarified precise interpretations.
- We obtained bank balance confirmations from financial institutions regarding individual financial statements as of the reporting date.
- We examined repayments, interest payments, amortized cost calculations, and revaluations.
- We verified compliance with financial covenants and other obligations.
- We understood the Company/Group's business planning process, internal controls for cash flow



Ensuring cash flow for repayments and interest payments is necessary, and compliance with financial covenants and other obligations specified in loan agreements and bond prospectuses is essential.

Bond issuance commitments:

For all three bond issuances, the Company committed to annual credit rating assessments. For the bond denoted as 2031/I HUF, the to Company committed maintaining consolidated Net Debt / EBITDA ratio not exceeding 3.5. However, due to an unfavorable macroeconomic and recessionary industry environment, the Group's operational operating result is negative, resulting in non-compliance with the expected debt ratio. The credit rating agency downgraded the bond rating to B. Noncompliance with obligations does not trigger accelerated repayment of the debt.

Borrowing-related commitments:

Due to the 2023 negative profit after tax, several Group members also breached covenants related to bank loans. Consequently, the Group and the relevant subsidiaries engaged in negotiations with financing banks to extend the loans. The ongoing negotiations are positive regarding debt rescheduling.

Liquidity risks:

The Company prepared a future cash flow forecast, assessing key variables and market conditions, including future economic conditions given the unfavorable macroeconomic situation.

The Group is confident that net cash inflows from operating activities, combined with the available credit facilities, provide sufficient liquidity to meet the next twelve months' financial obligations.

Given the significant judgments and assumptions in the Group's future business and cash flow plans, we consider assessing liquidity risks and evaluating the Company's and Group's financial position as a key audit matter.

The complexity of bond rating-related questions, the timing of downgrades, and the covenant breach also led us to consider this area as a key audit matter. The Company's disclosures related to commitments and liquidity can be found in the

forecasting, and assumptions and inputs used in the model for estimating future cash flows.

- We compared management's input data and assumptions used in cash flow forecasting with past performance, historical plans, and publicly available information.
- We evaluated key assumptions, including those related to revenue and significant payment scheduling in the cash flow forecast.
- We tested critical assumptions, such as cash outflow scheduling, and their impact on future cash flow projections.
- We assessed the completeness and accuracy of disclosures in financial statements.



supplementary notes: 16. Long and short term
loans, 17. Liabilities from issued bonds, 36.2
Liquidity risk, and 41. Post-balance sheet events.

Other information

Other information consists of the 2023 consolidated business report and Annual Report of the Group. Management is responsible for the other information and for the preparation of the consolidated business report in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements provided in the section of our independent auditor's report entitled "Opinion" does not apply to the other information.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the consolidated business report is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated and the business report has been prepared in accordance with the Hungarian Accounting Law and other relevant legal requirements, if any.

Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act, our responsibilities regarding the consolidated business report also include reviewing the consolidated business report to assess whether the consolidated business report was prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations, if any, including the assessment whether the consolidated business report complies with the requirements of Section 95/B (2) e) and f) of the Accounting Act, and to express an opinion on the above and on whether the consolidated business report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act we shall make a statement whether the information referred to in Section 95/B. (2) a)-d), g) and h) has been provided in the consolidated business report and whether the consolidated business report contains the non-financial statement provided for in Section 134 (5).

When fulfilling this responsibility we have considered the following law: Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 on Supplementing Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the specification of a single electronic reporting format ("ESEF Regulation"), as such prescribing specific requirements for the consolidated business report, in relation with forming our opinion on the consolidated business report.

In our opinion, the business report of the Group, including the information required according to Subsection (2) e) and f) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law for 2023 is consistent, in all material respects, with the 2023 consolidated financial statements of the Group and the relevant requirements of the Hungarian Accounting Law.

We also confirm that the Group have made available the information required according to Subsection (2) a)-d) and g)-h) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law and that the consolidated business report includes the non-financial statement as required by Subsection (5) of Section 134 of the Hungarian Accounting Law.



Further to the above, based on the knowledge we have obtained about the Group and its environment in the course of the audit we are required to report whether we have identified any material misstatement in the consolidated business report, and if so, the nature of the misstatement in question. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with EU IFRSs and the supplementary requirements of the Hungarian Accounting Law relevant for consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with EU IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Hungarian National Auditing Standards and with applicable laws and regulations in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Hungarian National Auditing Standards and with applicable laws and regulations in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Report on compliance with the requirements of the regulation on the European single electronic format

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement on the compliance of the consolidated annual financial statements included in the digital file 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu prepared by the Group ("consolidated annual financial statements in ESEF format") with the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation.



Responsibilities of the management and those charged with governance for the consolidated annual financial statements in ESEF format

The Group's management is responsible for preparing the consolidated annual financial statements in ESEF format that comply with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility includes:

- the preparation of the consolidated annal financial statements in the applicable XHTML format;
- the selection and application of appropriate iXBRL tags as required by ESEF Regulation using judgement where necessary; including completeness of use of the relevant tags, appropriateness of creation and anchoring of the extension elements; and
- the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the application of the ESEF Regulation.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process including compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Our responsibility and summary of the work performed

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the consolidated annual financial statements in ESEF format complies, in all material respects, with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with Hungarian National Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information (ISAE 3000).

A reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about compliance with the ESEF Regulation. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material departures from the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation whether due to fraud or error. Our reasonable assurance engagement included obtaining an understanding of the tagging, obtaining an understanding of the Group's internal controls relevant to the application of the requirements of the ESEF Regulation, verifying whether the XHTML format was applied properly, evaluating the completeness of the Group's tagging of the consolidated annual financial statements using the XBRL markup language, evaluating the appropriateness of the Group's use of iXBRL elements selected from the ESEF taxonomy and the creation of extension elements where no suitable element in the ESEF taxonomy has been identified and evaluating the use of anchoring in relation to the extension elements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion



In our opinion, the consolidated annual financial statements in ESEF format of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 included in the digital files 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu complies, in all material respects, with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Reporting requirements on content of auditor's report in compliance with Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014:

- We were appointed first time as statutory auditor by the General Assembly of Shareholders of the Group on 14 December 2020. Our engagement is uninterrupted since this date.
- Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the
 additional report to the audit committee of the Company, which we issued in accordance with Article
 11 of the Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 on the same date as the date of this report.
- We declare that no prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 were provided by us to the Group and its controlled undertakings and we remained independent from the Group in conducting the audit.
- We did not provide any services to the Company in the business year from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023, in addition to the statutory audit and the services presented in the business report or consolidated financial statements.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Molnár Andrea Kinga.

Budapest, April 25, 2024

Philippe Michalak Budzan Philippe Michalak Budzan Partner Molnár Andrea Kinga Molnár Andrea Kinga Registered Auditor Registration number: 007145

Mazars Kft. H-1139 Budapest, Fiastyúk utca 4-8, 2nd floor

Registration number: 000220



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of MASTERPLAST Nyilvánosan működő Részvénytársaság Report on the audit of the annual financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying 2023 annual financial statements of MASTERPLAST Nyilvánosan működő Részvénytársaság ("the Company") 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu1 attached in a digital file, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 - showing a balance sheet total of HUF 39.579.229 thousand and a total comprehensive income for the year of HUF 386.113 thousand profit-, the related profit and loss statement and comprehensive profit and loss statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the annual financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion the annual financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("EU IFRSs") and has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the supplementary requirements of Act C of 2000 on Accounting ("Hungarian Accounting Law") relevant for annual financial statements prepared in accordance with EU IFRSs.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hungarian National Standards on Auditing ("HNSA") and with applicable laws and regulations in force in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 16, 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities (Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the applicable laws of Hungary, with the Hungarian Chamber of Auditors' Rules on ethics and professional conduct of auditors and on disciplinary process and, as well as with respect to issues not covered by these Rules, with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the IESBA Code) and we also comply with further ethical requirements set out in these.

 1 digital identification of the above-mentioned annual financial statements with the SHA 256 HASH algorithm: C3DD0C6443C011A953CAB8860D2B3121980E099C2DAA34BC5DC027D9159537C1



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the annual financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the annual financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Valuation of investments in subsidiaries

The value of the Company's investments in its subsidiaries on December 31, 2023 HUF 10.056.759 thousand. The management determines annually - or when there is a sign of impairment - whether it is necessary to account for the impairment of the shares in accordance with | the IAS 36 Impairment of Assets standards. In the business year 2023, a loss of HUF 97.952 thousand was accounted for. The evaluation of investments in subsidiary companies is a significant area that heavily depends on applied estimates, such as determining future cash flows, the applied discount rate, or the growth rate of subsidiary companies' performance. Considering the above, the evaluation of investments in subsidiary companies and the determination of impairment were regarded as key audit matter. The Company includes the main accounting policy elements related to investments in subsidiaries and changes related to investments in Notes 7.6 and 11.

Diligences performed in relation to the Key Audit Matters

- Our audit procedures in addition to other procedures – included evaluating the Company's valuation methods and assumptions used during the impairment test, from the perspective of whether it is justified to recognize an impairment in accordance with IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.
- Where an indicator of impairment existed, we considered management's expectations regarding significant changes in the external environment, as well as assumptions about costs, when calculating the estimated future cash flows. We examined whether these were correctly reflected in the estimated future cash flows. We tested key assumptions such as input prices and sales prices, we performed sensitivity analysis on them, and their impact on the forecasts of future cash flows. We recalculated the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) based on market data.
- We assessed whether the Company appropriately presents all the information required by IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 36 Impairment of Assets standards in relation to the subsidiary shareholdings in the notes.

Key Audit Matters

Commitments related to bond issuance, liquidity risks

The Company's annual report shows that the value of its short-term liabilities amounts to HUF 6.307.571 thousand, while the value of its current assets totals HUF 4.168.272 thousand, resulting in short-term liabilities exceeding the current assets by HUF 2.139.299 thousand. The amount due for bond redemption within one year is HUF 3.000.000 thousand.

Considering that the Company performs holding activities, the group's consolidated financial

- Diligences performed in relation to the Key Audit Matters
- We understood the business plan preparation process of the Company/Group, the internal controls for preparing cash flow forecasts, as well as the assumptions and inputs used in the model for estimating future cash flows.
- We compared the management's input data and assumptions used in cash flow forecasting with past performance, historical plans, and publicly available information.



performance and expected cash flows determine the assessment of liquidity risk.

The Company has prepared a future cash flow forecast, which includes the assessment and estimation of key variables and market conditions, including future economic conditions, with regard to the unfavorable macroeconomic situation. The Company is confident that the net cash inflow from operating activities, along with the group's available credit line, will provide sufficient liquidity to meet the financial obligations due in the next twelve months.

Bond covenants: The Company has committed to annual credit rating assessments for its 3 bond issues and, for the bond issued in 2021 named Masterplast 2031/I HUF with a face value of HUF 9.000.000 thousand, it has undertaken that the consolidated Net Debt / EBITDA ratio will not exceed 3.5. The Company's consolidated EBITDA indicator is negative, therefore it does not meet the expected debt indicator; however, this condition is not considered a maintenance financial covenant. The credit rating agency downgraded the bond rating to B. Non-fulfillment of obligations does not trigger accelerated repayment of the debt.

Since the group's future business and cash flow plans contain significant judgments and assumptions, we considered the assessment of liquidity risks and the evaluation of the Company's and the Group's financial position to be a key audit matter.

The Company's presentations related to its bond debt and the assessment of the liquidity situation can be found in the supplementary notes 17. Bond Debt, 21. Other short term liabilities, 29. Liquidity Risk, 37. Events After the Reporting Period.

- We evaluated key assumptions, including those related to revenue and significant payment scheduling in the cash flow forecast.
- We tested critical assumptions, such as input prices and selling prices, and their impact on future cash flow projections.
- We compared data on the group's short- and longterm loans with contracts.
- We assessed the completeness and accuracy of disclosures in financial statements

Other information: business report

Other information consists of the 2023 business report of the Company. Management is responsible for the preparation of the business report in accordance with the Hungarian Accounting Law and other relevant legal requirements, if any. In the 'Opinion' section of our independent auditor's report, our opinion on the individual financial statements does not apply to the business report.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the business report and, in doing so, consider whether the business report is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



Based on the Act on Accounting, we are also responsible for assessing whether the business report has been prepared in accordance with the Act on Accounting and other applicable legal requirements, including the assessment of whether the business report has been prepared in accordance with Section 95/B (2) e) and f) of the Act on Accounting and expressing an opinion on this and whether the business report is consistent with the separate financial statements.

Our opinion on the business report should include the information required according to Subsection (2) e) and f) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law and we are required to confirm also whether the information prescribed in Subsection (2) a)- d) and g)-h) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law have been made available, whether the business report includes the non-financial statement as required by Section 95/C of the Hungarian Accounting Law.

When fulfilling this responsibility, we have considered the following law: Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of December 17, 2018 on Supplementing Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the specification of a single electronic reporting format ("ESEF Regulation"), as such prescribing specific requirements for the business report, in relation with forming our opinion on the business report.

In our opinion, the business report of the Company, including the information required according to Subsection (2) e) and f) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law for 2023 is consistent, in all material respects, with the 2023 annual financial statements of the Company and the relevant requirements of the Hungarian Accounting Law.

We also confirm that the Company have made available the information required according to Subsection (2) a)-d) and g)-h) of Section 95/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law and that the business report includes the non-financial statement as required by Section 95/C of the Hungarian Accounting Law.

Further to the above, based on the knowledge we have obtained about the Company and its environment in the course of the audit we are required to report whether we have identified any material misstatement in the business report, and if so, the nature of the misstatement in question. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the annual financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with EU IFRSs and the supplementary requirements of the Hungarian Accounting Law relevant for annual financial statements prepared in accordance with EU IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Hungarian National Auditing Standards and with applicable laws and regulations in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Hungarian National Auditing Standards and with applicable laws and regulations in Hungary, including also Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Report on compliance with the requirements of the regulation on the European single electronic format

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement on the compliance of the annual financial statements included in the digital file 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu prepared by the Company ("annual financial statements in ESEF format") with the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation.

Responsibilities of the management and those charged with governance for the annual financial statements in ESEF format

The Company's management is responsible for preparing the annual financial statements in ESEF format that comply with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility includes:

- the preparation of the annual financial statements in the applicable XHTML format; and
- the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the application of the ESEF Regulation.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process including compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Our responsibility and summary of the work performed

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the annual financial statements in ESEF format complies, in all material respects, with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with Hungarian National Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information (ISAE 3000).

A reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about compliance with the ESEF Regulation. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material departures from the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation, whether due to fraud or error. Our reasonable assurance engagement included obtaining an understanding of the Company's internal controls relevant to the application of the requirements of the ESEF Regulation and verifying whether the XHTML format was applied properly.



We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the annual financial statements in ESEF format of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023 included in the digital file 529900T52BKQIM96BG24-2023-12-31-hu complies, in all material respects, with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Reporting requirements on content of auditor's report in compliance with Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014:

- We were appointed first time as statutory auditor by the General Assembly of Shareholders of the Company on December 14, 2020. Our engagement is uninterrupted since this date.
- Our audit opinion on the annual financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the additional report to the audit committee of the Company, which we issued in accordance with Article 11 of the Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 on the same date as the date of this report.
- We declare that no prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 were provided by us to the Company and we remained independent from the Company in conducting the audit.
- We did not provide any services to the Company in the business year from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023, in addition to the statutory audit and the services presented in the business report or annual financial statements.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Molnár Andrea Kinga.

Budapest, April 25, 2024

Philippe Michalak Budzan Philippe Michalak Budzan Partner

Mazars Kft. Fiastyúk utca 4-8, 2nd floor, H-1139 Budapest Registration number: 000220 Molnár Andrea Kinga Molnár Andrea Kinga Registered Auditor Registration number: 007145