

**KELER CCP Ltd.'s (Vol. 33-2019)
Announcement on CEEGEX spot market**

Effective from: 6 May 2019

In line with KELER CCP Ltd.'s General Business Rules, KELER CCP Ltd. approved the **CEESEX spot market margin requirements** for its Clearing Members as follows:

Calculation of the spot margin requirement

The calculation of spot margin requirement consists from two parts, the turnover margin and the delivery margin.

$$M_{(t+1)} = \max \begin{cases} \text{Min_value} + \text{Round. up } [M_{\text{delivery}(t+1)} * (1 + \text{VAT}); 0] \\ \text{Round. up } [(M_{\text{spot}(t+1)} + M_{\text{delivery}(t+1)}) * (1 + \text{VAT}); 0] \end{cases}$$

where:

- $M_{(t+1)}$: spot margin requirement
- VAT: the current value of the value-added tax in %, except in case of foreign clearing members, where the value of VAT – in this calculation - is 0%.
- Round up: rounding up to one EUR
- The minimum value of the spot margin requirement is 0 EUR

Turnover margin (M_{turnover})

The calculation of the turnover margin is based on the data of the daily net purchase price amount where only positive amount are taken into consideration (on a 7/7 daily basis).

- **Short average**

$S_average_{(t)} = \text{Average_if } [(SN)_{[t-d1]}; >0]$
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where,

d1=14 – number of the days of the short lookback period

SN –net purchase price amount (on a 7/7 daily basis)

- **Long average**

$L_average_{(t)} = \text{Average_if } [(SN)_{[t-d2]}; \geq S_average_{(t)}]$

where,

d2=365 - number of the days of the long lookback period.

SN –net purchase price amount (on a 7/7 daily basis)

- **Lookahead period (E)**

The lookahead period is the number of the days that remains until the next settlement day

Parameters:

- Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday: **2**,
- Thursday: **3**,
- on holiday weekends the parameter could differ, and be bigger than 3 .

- **Cap**

Upper limit for turnover margin

$$Cap_{(t+1)} = \text{Max}(TN_{[t-d3]})$$

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TN – daily settlement net purchase price amount

d3 =60 - number of the days of the lookback period

○ $M_{\text{spot}(t+1)}$

$$M_{\text{spot}(t+1)} = \text{Min}(L_average_{(t+1)} * E ; Cap_{(t+1)})$$

Delivery Margin $M_{\text{delivery}(t+1)}$

In case of products that are in the delivery cycle, the calculation is based on the daily delivery payments. The delivery margin is provided by the buyer.

$$M_{\text{delivery}(t+1)} = (D_{(t+1)} + D_{(t+2)}) * H$$

where,

t – date of the calculation

D – payment amount

H= N/2+1, where N equals the number of non settlement days between t and t+2 settlement days.

CEEGEX Position limit

$$\text{position limit} = ((B_{\text{asset}(t)} \div (1 + \text{VAT})) - M_{\text{futures}(t)} - M_{\text{delivery}(t)} \pm S_{\text{purchase price}(t)}) + \sum_{n=1}^n K(B; S)_{\text{daily}}$$

where,

$B_{\text{asset}(t)}$ = the value of the assets blocked with CEEGEX title and with KELER CCP being the beneficiary of the blocking

VAT= the current value of value-added tax. In this calculation, the value of VAT is 0% for non-resident clearing members.

$M_{\text{futures}(t)}$ = margin requirement for open CEEGEX physical futures position

$M_{\text{delivery}(t)}$ = actual delivery margin requirement for physical future products that are in the delivery cycle

$S_{\text{purchase price}(t)}$ = financially settled net purchase price on t day

K_{daily} = financially not settled CEEGEX spot trades' cumulated financial position, where B = buy-side trade and S = sell-side trade

n = number of trading days within the clearing cycle

2 May, 2019

KELER CCP Ltd.