

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE ANNUAL REPORT 2024



THIS IS THE TRANSLATION OF THE HUNGARIAN REPORT

GRAPHISOFT PARK



Executive Summary

The **pro forma net profit for 2024 is 7.96 million euros**, which – in line with our previous forecast – exceeds the exceptionally high result of the previous year – which is also due to one-off items – by approximately 100 thousand euros, or 1%. This stable result is partly due to the strong tenant base of the office park: the vacancy rate typical of the Budapest office market in recent years did not occur in Graphisoft Park, which – despite the decreasing rate of rent indexation – ensured a favorable development of rental revenue. In addition, some tenants who reduced their leased area before the expiration of the contract paid one-off compensation, which also has a positive impact on this year's net profit, but this will of course be absent from the results of the following periods. Based on all of this, the Board of Directors plans to propose to the General Meeting a dividend payment of around 7.2 million euros, corresponding to 90% of the pro forma profit for 2024, that is approximately **71 euro cents per ordinary share**.

The **occupancy rate** of Graphisoft Park at the end of 2024 is **94%**, which is a 1% decrease compared to the first half of the year, but it is still significantly higher than the current average of 86% for the Budapest office market. The current uncertain economic environment and the demand for hybrid working have a noticeable impact on the office market; in addition to the decrease in demand for office space, the demands for the function of rental properties are also constantly changing, which is why the flexibility of landlords plays a key role. However, it can be stated that Graphisoft Park tenants typically commit to a longer period of time compared to the national average. This is due, on the one hand, to the unique natural features of the park, the environment created by the technological and IT focus, and, on the other hand, to the ability to flexibly adapt to changing tenant needs. In the second half of the year, the Park renewed its lease agreements with two of its major tenants, SAP Hungary Kft. for another 10 years, and with the software company Graphisoft SE for another 5 years, which **increased the average remaining lease term (WAULT) to almost 5 years**. In February 2025, another major tenant extended its lease agreement of 3.500 m² for an additional 5 years, contributing to increasing the value of WAULT. The figure that reflects the commitment of the Park's tenants even better is the **average lease term in the Park calculated with the starting date of all current tenants' earliest lease agreements**, which is still stable at **over 15 years**.

Despite the above, for 2025, we are prudent in line with our previous forecasts. Due to the challenges of the real estate market and the effects of the unfavorable economic environment, we are forecasting a certain degree of vacancy and tenant risk, and we are also counting on continuous developments in line with our ESG goals and their cost impact. On the other hand, we do not count on extraordinary compensation to be paid due to early contract terminations, so overall, based on our current estimates, a **net result of 7 million euros is expected**, which is less than this year's result.

Development areas

In addition to the South Park building delivered in 2019, a nearly 4,000 m² office building can be built, for which the Company has a valid building permit. This development opportunity - given the high occupancy rate of the office park - provides flexibility to handle future tenant changes and creates an opportunity to implement minor growth needs of existing tenants. The Company will decide on the launch of the project later, taking into account tenant needs and also the building and construction conditions.

However, based on current office market trends, **no significant increase in demand for offices is expected** in the near future, so the Company has come to the conclusion – as announced on May 13, 2024 – to examine the possibility of **developing residential and related service units in the southern development area**. Graphisoft Park has therefore concluded a cooperation agreement with Synergy Construction Hungary Kft. to explore the possibilities. Following the completion of the assessment, the partner company will also have the opportunity – expectedly in the second quarter of 2025 – to purchase the area or the project company that owns it, under the conditions specified in the Cooperation Agreement.

As a result of the previous gas production activity, the **northern development area** is contaminated, the rehabilitation of which is the obligation of MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. The first final order in this regard was issued in 2015. Over the years that have passed since then, the official deadlines for carrying out remediation have been extended several times, and typically - while the actual remediation has not even begun - a new regulation was published a few days before the deadline expired and another modified deadline was established. Most recently, on December 20, 2024, a new legislative amendment prescribed a **mandatory review of the remediation method** by December 31, 2026, without specifying any new deadline for the actual completion of the remediation. On January 21, 2025, Graphisoft Park initiated a judicial review procedure, known as an **administrative lawsuit** against the decision, as according to its position, the decision violates the Constitution, and the rule of law norms were not applied. In the current situation, there is still no realistic opportunity to begin substantial developments in the northern development area in the foreseeable future.

Pro forma results and forecast

Our 2024 "pro forma" results developed favorably: in addition to the stable utilization, as a result of the euro-based indexation, **rental revenue exceeded** the same period of the previous year by 400 thousand euros, that is **2.5%**. The other income basically reflects the result of the construction and renovation of the rental property requested and financed by the tenants, while the current period result is significantly improved by the lump-sum compensation paid by certain tenants for the reduction of the rent before the expiry of their contract.

The **15% increase in operating costs** primarily reflects the effect of inflationary fee increases. **Depreciation decreased by 7%** compared to the previous year due to the depletion of some older assets. At the same time, the **financial result is less favorable**: although the interest payable on the capital outstanding decreased due to the loan repayments, the interest income realized on free funds fell short in the changed interest environment, compared to the outstanding result of the previous year. Furthermore, due to the weakening forint, exchange rate losses occurred on our forint-denominated assets.

The **income tax expense** was higher due to the self-revision carried out by the Company for the innovation contribution payment obligation for previous years.

As a combined effect of all this, in the first three quarters of 2024, **EBITDA exceeded the same period of the previous year by 600 thousand euros, or 4%, and the profit after tax exceeded by 100 thousand euros, that is 1%.**

| (million euros) | 2022 actual | 2023 actual | 2024 actual | 2025 forecast |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Rental revenue | 15.54 | 16.85 | 17.26 | 16.7 |
| Other income (net) | 0.64 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.5 |
| Operating expense | (1.42) | (1.61) | (1.86) | (2.1) |
| EBITDA | 14.76 | 15.81 | 16.40 | 15.1 |
| Depreciation | (7.01) | (6.94) | (6.45) | (6.4) |
| Operating profit | 7.75 | 8.87 | 9.95 | 8.7 |
| Net financial result | (1.71) | (0.99) | (1.63) | (1.6) |
| Profit before tax | 6.04 | 7.88 | 8.32 | 7.1 |
| Income tax expense | (0.02) | (0.02) | (0.36) | (0.1) |
| Net profit | 6.02 | 7.86 | 7.96 | 7.0 |

For 2025, we expect vacancy risks and a reduction in the indexation of rents, due to the changing office usage habits and the uncertain economic environment. Based on all of this, according to our current calculations, **in 2025, rental revenue** is expected to be around **16.7 million euros**, approximately 3% lower than in 2024. In 2024, lump-sum compensations paid by certain tenants for area reductions before the contract expiration were accounted under **other income**; we do not expect such one-off items **in 2025**, so assuming the average development of other income, we expect other income to be **500 thousand euros less** than in 2024. In terms of **operating costs**, an **increase of approximately 13%** is expected **in 2025**, partly due to the increase in service fees, the increase in personnel payments and new cost elements arising in connection with the targets set in our ESG strategy. The capitalization of energy efficiency developments may offset the expected decrease in depreciation due to the depletion of certain older assets, so we expect **depreciation to be like the previous year in 2025**. We do not expect a significant change in financial costs, a **net financial expense of 1.6 million euros** is expected. Overall, we expect a lower **net result of 7 million euros** for 2025, falling short of the outstanding results of 2023 and 2024 due to one-off items, which, however, exceed the net result of 2022 by approximately 17% even without one-off profit-increasing items.

Property portfolio and fair value of net assets

At the end of 2024 Q4, the independent valuer estimated the **fair value of the real estate portfolio at 230.6 million euros**, which represents a **5.1 million euro increase** compared to the end of 2023. This increase is primarily related to the **fair value of the completed and delivered properties** (4.1 million euros): in addition to the minor decrease in yield expectations, the utilization of the buildings is above average, the average remaining lease term has doubled as a result of significant lease contract renewals in 2024, which proves the stability and commitment of the office park's tenants; and this also changes the inputs used for the valuation. As a result of all this, according to the calculations of the independent valuer, the **fair value of the revenue generating properties increased to 216 million euros**. The fair value¹ of the **development lands** increased by a smaller amount (1 million euro): the change in the value of the lands was caused by the updated development costs and potential rental fees; even with a slightly higher rate of return, their estimated fair value totaled **14.6 million euros** at the end of the year.

Due to the interest levels experienced in the eurozone, the **fair value² of the interest rate swap hedging transactions** concluded by the Company to fix the interest rates of its euro-based loans **is still favorable**, which increase is reflected in equity (net asset value). In the meantime, the Company's outstanding **loan portfolio** went down to **79 million euros** due to continuous repayments.

At the end of the year the Company's **cash balance is nearly 13 million euros**, which ensures the long-term safe operation of the company, the financing of tenant designs, building upgrades and renovations (with particular regard to the larger investments planned under our decarbonization strategy – see below), as well as the financing of smaller new developments that may become necessary in the event of such a demand. In addition, the cash balance also forms a reserve for the possible negative effects of changing economic conditions and also ensures the continuation of a predictable and transparent dividend policy, based on which the Board of Directors plans to propose to the General Meeting a dividend payment of 7.2 million euros, corresponding to 90% of the pro forma profit.

Overall, due to the increase in the fair value of the real estate portfolio and, in addition to the decreasing outstanding loans, the increasing cash reserve, the **net asset fair value** of the Company exceeded the previous yearend's value by more than 9 million euros and reached nearly **168 million euros**.

¹ The fair value of all development lands was determined as the present value of potential future office development and does not take into account the expected impact of any potential residential development.

² The fair value of hedges is intended, among other things, to estimate how much more expensive (in the case of a negative fair value, cheaper) a similar loan could be obtained today. In addition to the current market interest rate environment, the fair value is influenced by several external factors (HUF/EUR exchange rate, monetary policy measures or future interest rate expectations). The development of these factors may result in a significant and in some cases unpredictable changes in the direction and degree of change in the fair value.

[thousands of EUR]

| | Dec 31, 2023 | March 31, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | Sept 30, 2024 | Dec 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Completed, delivered properties | 211,762 | 213,018 | 212,101 | 215,122 | 215,919 |
| Development lands | 13,710 | 13,940 | 13,940 | 13,960 | 14,660 |
| Estimated fair value of the entire property portfolio | 225,472 | 227,018 | 226,041 | 229,082 | 230,579 |
| Net asset value at estimated fair value | 158,228 | 163,606 | 159,313 | 163,623 | 167,816 |
| Net asset value at fair value per share (EUR) | 15.69 | 16.23 | 15.80 | 16.23 | 16.64 |
| Net asset value per share (EUR) ³ | 15.09 | 15.59 | 15.17 | 15.61 | 15.95 |

Decarbonization strategy

In addition to the transformation of the function of the office spaces, an important aspect and goal is the continuous reduction of the carbon footprint of the buildings, as well as the development and implementation of the Park's decarbonization strategy together with the tenants. The Company presented its considerations, objectives and their follow-up in the sustainability reports of the last two years. The provisions of the CSRD⁴ and the Hungarian ESG Act apply to our Company from 2026, so we have started preparing for the corresponding reporting obligations. Our 2024 sustainability report, like the previous ones, will be prepared with reference to the GRI⁵ standards.

As a key part of our objectives, **solar panels and heat pumps were installed** in some buildings in 2023 and 2024, in line with the needs and decarbonization goals of the respective tenants. In 2025, we will launch further energy improvements in several larger buildings (installation of additional heat pumps and new energy-saving devices, replacement of windows and doors, luminaires), **exceeding the previous years in value and volume**.

In addition, it is equally important to implement efficient building operations and **encourage conscious energy consumption**. After 2022, also in 2023, in cooperation with the tenants, we managed to achieve significant savings in both gas and electricity consumption. We will continue to maintain cooperation and intensive relationship, as well as the monitoring of consumption (both for the energy consumption of devices and equipment, as well as for usage habits). In 2024, energy consumption did not decrease significantly further, as gas consumption remained at a similar level to the previous year, while **electricity consumption increased**, largely due to the decrease in the home office ratio, the increase in energy consumption associated with greater office presence, and **the rise of electric cars**. The aim of our developments for the next two years is to reduce our carbon footprint by gradually replacing gas consumption and installing energy-saving equipment, while also offsetting the additional consumption arising from the increasing use of offices. In addition to improving energy efficiency, our goal is to prioritize the aspects of **conscious material use** (e.g. lifecycle, quality, recyclability), minimize waste generated during office design and operation, and maintain and develop the green park, environment and **biodiversity** that gives the Park its unique character.

* * *

³ IFRS consolidated own equity per share

⁴ Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive

⁵ Global Reporting Initiative

We believe that the unique **office park** provided by Graphisoft Park, located **in a truly green environment**, will continue to be in demand by companies employing technology- and knowledge-based, highly qualified employees, and we can expect an occupancy rate of over 90%, which exceeds the Budapest office market. The Company's strategy articulated nearly 30 years ago also works in the light of the hybrid working that has become common in recent years. Although the way and extent of office use and the distribution of the various functions of the rented areas are undergoing significant changes, research and development activities that require a high degree of creativity and intensive cooperation cannot exist without at least partial personal presence. The target market defined by the Company at the beginning, which are **domestic and international enterprises dealing with technological development**, proved to be a good choice even during uncertain economic prospects, since the key to success in this field is **attracting talent**. This is greatly enhanced by the high-quality and environmentally conscious architecture, a uniquely quiet park rich in ancient trees, on the truly green bank of the Danube, surrounded by the monuments of the former Óbuda Gas Works and preserved in a modern way.



Kocsány János
Chief Executive Officer

Financial highlights

IFRS, consolidated, thousand EUR

Results:

| | Results | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
| | 12 months ended | |
| Rental revenue | 16,845 | 17,261 |
| Operating expense | (1,612) | (1,857) |
| Other income (net) | 574 | 1,003 |
| EBITDA | 15,807 | 16,407 |
| Depreciation and amortization | (6,937) | (6,447) |
| Operating profit | 8,870 | 9,960 |
| Net interest expense | (923) | (1,173) |
| Other financial result | (63) | (461) |
| Profit before tax | 7,884 | 8,326 |
| Income tax expense | (21) | (365) |
| Pro forma profit after tax (1) | 7,863 | 7,961 |
| Pro forma profit after tax per share (EUR) (2) | 0.78 | 0.79 |
| Valuation difference of investment properties | (4,422) | 2,900 |
| Unrecognized depreciation | 6,721 | 6,221 |
| Profit after tax according to financial statements | 10,162 | 17,082 |
| Profit after tax per share according to financial statements (EUR) (2) | 1.01 | 1.69 |

(1) "Pro forma" results show profit and loss according to the cost model.

(2) Treasury shares possessed by the Company and employee shares are excluded when the earnings per share value is determined (refer to Note 1.3 to the financial statements).

IFRS, consolidated, thousand EUR

Asset value:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fair value of properties | 211,762 | 215,919 |
| <i>-from this book value (1)</i> | <i>210,186</i> | <i>214,265</i> |
| Fair value of development lands | 13,710 | 14,660 |
| <i>- from this book value (1)</i> | <i>8,354</i> | <i>8,523</i> |
| Entire property portfolio at estimated fair value | 225,472 | 230,579 |
| Net asset value at estimated fair value (2) | 158,228 | 167,816 |
| <i>Net asset value at cost (1)</i> | <i>152,157</i> | <i>160,813</i> |
| Number of ordinary shares outstanding (thousands) | 10,083 | 10,082 |
| Net asset value at fair value per share (euro) (2) (3) | 15.63 | 16.64 |
| <i>Net asset value at book value per share (euro) (1) (3)</i> | <i>14.84</i> | <i>15.95</i> |

(1) Investment properties and investment properties under construction are fair valued in the financial statements, while development lands and owner-occupied property are stated at cost. Development lands are presented under "Investment properties" and owner-occupied properties under "(Owner-occupied) Property, plant and equipment" in the balance sheet. As a result, instead of accounting depreciation, current period change in fair value is presented in the profit or loss.

(2) Estimated net asset fair value contains both development lands and owner-occupied properties on fair value instead of cost.

(3) Treasury shares possessed by the Company and employee shares are excluded when the earnings per share value is determined (refer to Note 1.3 to the financial statements).

Net asset value at book value and net asset value at fair value (equity) are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

Detailed Analysis

In this business report, Graphisoft Park presents the progress made toward its goals in the following areas:

- 2024 results (“pro forma” results and results according to the financial statements),
- Utilization, occupancy,
- Modernization plans,
- Financing,
- Forecast for 2025,
- Real estate portfolio and development potential,
- Further growth opportunities.

2024 “Pro forma” results

The 2024 “Pro forma” results changed compared to 2023 because of the following main factors:

- **Rental revenue** (2024: 17,261 thousand euros; 2023: 16,845 thousand euros) grew by 416 thousand euros, or 2.5% compared to prior year. In addition to a slightly lower occupancy rate, the increase was due to the euro-based indexation of rental contracts.
- **Operating expense** (2024: 1,857 thousand euros; 2023: 1,612 thousand euros) increased by 15% compared to the same period of last year, which was primarily caused by an inflation-following increase in certain property-related costs and personal expenses.
- **Other income** (2024: 1,003 thousand euros; 2023: 574 thousand euros) is largely the result of periodical developments and refurbishments of the rental property based on the request and expense of the tenants. In 2024, this result was significantly increased by the lump-sum compensation paid by certain tenants in exchange for a reduction in the rent before the end of their contract.
- **Depreciation charge** (2024: 6,447 thousand euros; 2023: 6,937 thousand euros) is 7% lower than in the previous year, due to the depletion of some older assets.
- **EBITDA** (2024: 16,407 thousand euros; 2023: 15,807 thousand euros) grew by 600 thousand euros, which is 4%, while **operating profit** (2024: 9,960 thousand euros; 2023: 8,870 thousand euros) increased by 1,090 thousand euros, or 12% compared to the previous year.
- **Net interest expense** (2024: 1,173 thousand euros; 2023: 923 thousand euros) increased by 250 thousand euros or 27% compared to prior year. The interest paid was less because of the declining principal amounts due to loan repayments, but at the same time, in the changed interest environment, the interest income realized on free funds decreased significantly compared to the outstanding result of the previous year.
- **Other financial result** (2024: 461 thousand euros loss; 2023: 63 thousand euros loss) is primarily influenced by the exchange rate differences of our forint-denominated assets.
- The balance of **income tax expense** (2024: 365 thousand euros; 2023: 21 thousand euros) contains the innovation contribution and the corporate income tax and local business tax of the Group member Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. The other companies in the Group are exempt from corporate income tax and local business tax obligations based on their regulated real estate investment company status. A significant portion of the 2024 income tax expense was the result of the Group's self-revision of the prior years' innovation contribution.
- Overall, **net profit** (2024: 7,961 thousand euros; 2023: 7,863 thousand euros) is 98 thousand euros, or 1% higher compared to the same period of last year.

2024 results according to the financial statements

The 2024 result according to the financial statements is 9,121 thousand euros higher than the "pro forma" result due to the following two factors: unrecognized depreciation of investment properties increased the results by 6,221 thousand euros, while fair value changes increased the result by 2,900 thousand euros. The economic outlook and the shrinking demand for office space affect the entire office market, but at the same time, the independent appraiser increased the value of the properties based on Graphisoft Park's higher-than-average occupancy rate, recent contract extensions with significant tenants and the stable tenant base. As a result of the above, the result according to the financial statements in the current year reached 17.1 million euros, in contrast to the 2023 result of 10.1 million euros, when the fair value decreased by more than 4 million euros compared to 2022.

Details of changes in fair values are disclosed in Note 11 (Investment property) to the financial statements.

Utilization, occupancy

Occupancy rate of Graphisoft Park's gross leasable area developed as follows (at the end of each quarter):

| Period: | 2023Q1 | 2023Q2 | 2023Q3 | 2023Q4 | 2024Q1 | 2024Q2 | 2024Q3 | 2024Q4 |
|----------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Occupancy of gross leasable area (%): | 97% | 97% | 97% | 95% | 95% | 95% | 94% | 94% |
| Gross leasable area (m ²): | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 |

Following a temporary, slight reduction caused by the COVID crisis, occupancy remained stable at 97-98% in 2022-2023, despite the high, volatile energy prices and recessionary environment that characterized the period. At the same time, in the last quarter of 2023, during the renewal of the contracts of several larger tenants, requests to reduce the area arose, thereby reducing the occupancy to 95% by the end of the year. As a result of further lower vacancy rates during the year, the year-end occupancy rate is 94%, however, this occupancy level still exceeds the Budapest office market average (86%), proving the significant and long-lasting demand for office parks dominated by green surroundings as work environments.

Graphisoft Park's tenants make longer commitments than the national average. In addition to the Park's unique natural features, the technological and IT focus created the milieu in which globally listed companies have long been tenants in the Park, such as SAP (since 2005), Microsoft (since 1998), Servier (since 2007), and, of course, Graphisoft SE, the software company that founded the Park but is now operating as an independent tenant since 1998. It should be noted that in addition to our large tenants, the smaller tenants also spend an average rental period of more than 5 years in the Park, with their expiring contracts being extended annually. Due to the characteristics of the Park, we can meet the growth needs of the tenants: start-ups can become tenants of the Park with up to a 1-year contract, and later on, they are also provided with the opportunity to expand in line with their growth trajectory. The average lease term in the Park calculated with the **starting date of current tenants' earliest lease agreements** (in certain cases lease agreements concluded with the predecessor of Graphisoft Park Group) is **15.7 years**. At the same time, the **weighted average lease term to expiry** increased to **4.9 years** because of significant contract extensions in the recent past.

Modernization plans

From 2023, the focus of our renovation and modernization programs will be on projects that increase energy efficiency and optimize energy consumption, which we will implement in constant consultation and cooperation with our tenants. In 2023, in 2 larger buildings (affecting about 16,000 m² of leasable area), significant energy efficiency improvements were made (installation of heat pumps and smaller solar panels, replacement of office and improving the energetic properties of some building structural elements). In 2024, we started similar renovations on additional buildings (5,800 m²), improving the energy efficiency of our buildings and reducing the carbon footprint of the entire park's operation. In 2025 and in 2026, we will start **energy improvements in value and volume exceeding those of previous years** on several larger buildings (installation of additional heat pumps and new, energy-saving devices, replacement of doors and windows, luminaires), **worth more than 3 million euros** according to our current estimates.

In the past period - partly due to the emerging energy crisis - we put a lot of emphasis on monitoring energy consumption, and in cooperation with the tenants, by consciously reducing consumption, we achieved savings of nearly 20% in 2022, and another 10% in 2023. In 2024 however, energy consumption did not decrease significantly further: while gas consumption remained at a similar level to the previous year, **electricity consumption increased**, which can be largely attributed to the **decrease in the home office ratio**, the increase in energy consumption associated with greater office presence, and **the rise of electric cars**. The aim of our developments for the next two years is to reduce our carbon footprint by gradually replacing gas consumption and installing energy-saving equipment, while also offsetting the additional consumption resulting from the increased use of offices. In addition, in all building modernization projects, in addition to energy efficiency, we also keep in mind the conscious use of materials (lifecycle, quality, recyclability) and the minimization of waste generated during the renovation.

Financing

Between 2015 and 2019, the Company borrowed a total of 119,600 thousand euros from Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. and UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. 4 times to finance its development goals, refinance its previous loan, and optimize its capital structure. The first two development loans took place within the framework of the National Bank of Hungary's Funding for Growth Scheme. The term of each loan is 10 years, and the interest rates are fixed for the entire term of each loan through currency and interest rate swaps (CCIRSs and IRSs), currently with an average interest rate of 1.91%. At the end of June 30, 2024, the nominal value of all outstanding loans is **79 million euros**, which is currently **34% of the property fair value**. The positive fair value of the interest rate swaps (1.8 million euros) reflects the difference between the current financing conditions available in the higher interest rate environment and the Company's fixed loan rates.

| Bank | Initial loan value | Due date | Outstanding loan amount on December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| | (thousand euros) | | (thousand euros) |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt | 15,600 | 27.12.2025 | 6,890 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt | 24,000 | 23.12.2026 | 14,400 |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt | 40,000 | 31.12.2027 | 27,599 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt | 40,000 | 15.12.2029 | 29,933 |
| Sum | 119,600 | | 78,822 |

Forecast for 2025

In 2025, further vacancies may arise in the uncertain economic environment, primarily due to possible space reduction requests from some tenants, and we also expect a decrease in indexation. We do not expect one-off revenues like those of the past two years (fees paid as compensation for space reduction before the end of the contract) in 2025. Our forecast considered the inflationary increase in operating costs and the unchanged level of depreciation due to continuous developments aligned with our ESG goals.

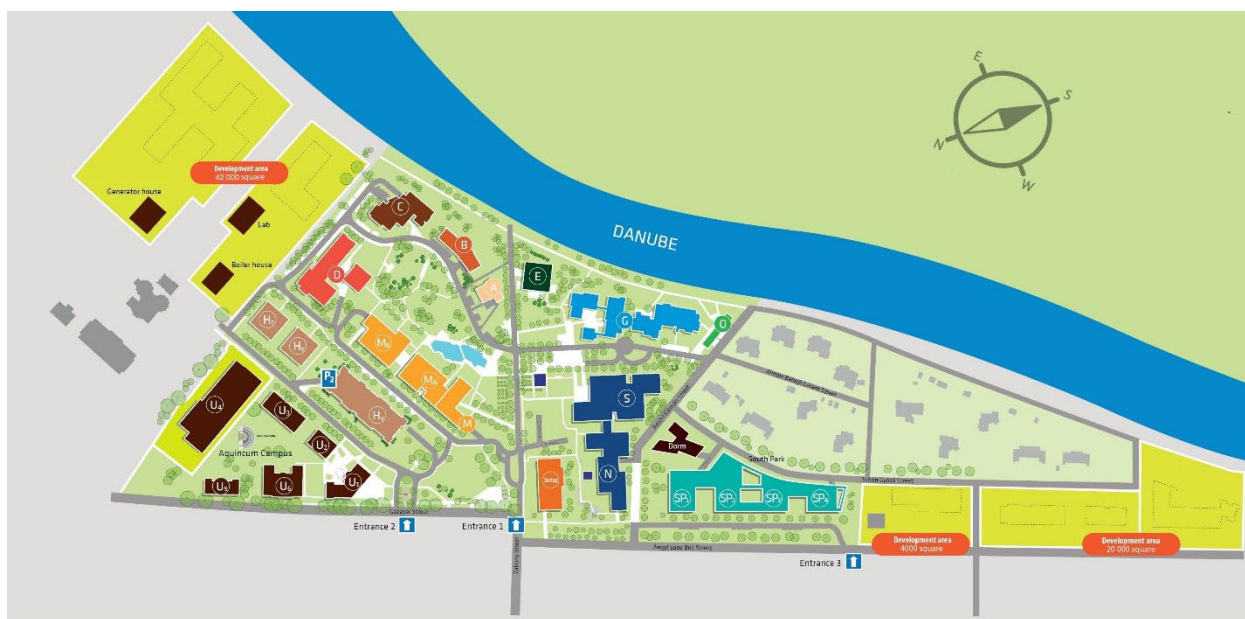
| (million euros) | 2022 actual | 2023 actual | 2024 actual | 2025 forecast |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Rental revenue | 15.54 | 16.85 | 17.26 | 16.7 |
| Other income (net) | 0.64 | 0.57 | 1.00 | 0.5 |
| Operating expense | (1.42) | (1.61) | (1.86) | (2.1) |
| EBITDA | 14.76 | 15.81 | 16.40 | 15.1 |
| Depreciation | (7.01) | (6.94) | (6.45) | (6.4) |
| Operating profit | 7.75 | 8.87 | 9.95 | 8.7 |
| Net financial result | (1.71) | (0.99) | (1.63) | (1.6) |
| Profit before tax | 6.04 | 7.88 | 8.32 | 7.1 |
| Income tax expense | (0.02) | (0.02) | (0.36) | (0.1) |
| Net profit | 6.02 | 7.86 | 7.96 | 7.0 |

- Due to the changing habits of office use and the weakening economic environment, in 2023-2024 some of the tenants only extended their contracts for a smaller area, which resulted in a small decrease in occupancy. In our rental revenue forecast for 2025, we have considered that additional vacancies may arise for a similar reason. In addition, we took into account the decrease in the indexation of rental prices. Based on all of this, we expect **rental revenue of 16.7 million euros for 2025**.
- **Other income** traditionally includes income received for renovations requested by tenants, but in 2024, the compensation to be received for the reduction of certain rental areas before their expiration also increased the other income. **In 2025**, we no longer count on one-off items like this, so the balance of other income and expenses is expected to be around **500 thousand euros**.
- We expect **operating costs to increase by 13% in 2025**, due to, among other things, inflationary increases in service fees, increased personnel payments, and cost elements necessary to achieve the goals set out in our ESG strategy.
- As a combined effect of the above, according to our current calculations, **EBITDA** is expected to decrease to **15.1 million euros in 2025**, falling short of the previous year.
- In 2024, the **depreciation** (which does not appear in the consolidated accounts according to the SZIT rules) due to the depletion of some older assets decreased, however, **in 2025**, as a result of the capitalization of energy efficiency improvements, **no further decrease** of a similar magnitude is expected.
- As part of the **net financial result**, due to the continuous loan repayments, the interest payable on the capital outstanding will decrease. In 2024, due to changes in the interest rate environment, we no longer realized interest income of a similar magnitude to 2023, and the volatility of the forint also caused large exchange rate losses. We **do not expect significant changes** in financial costs in **2025**.

- As a result of all this, the **expected pro forma net profit for 2025 may be around 7 million euros**, significantly below the outstanding results of 2023 and 2024 due to one-off items, but at the same time exceeding the pro forma result of 2022 by approximately 17%.

Further development opportunities

By the completion of the developments in the core and the southern area from September 2018, Graphisoft Park has **82,000 m² gross leasable area** as well as **underground parking for around 2,000 cars** available for its tenants, ensuring the green dominance in the Park.



The property located between the already built-in South Park I and South Park II development areas, allows the development of an additional 4,000 m² of leasable office space, combined with the neighboring plots already owned by the Company. In 2022 we received building permission for the possible development; however, the Company will decide on the initiation of the project at a later date, taking into account the conditions and the possibilities of the construction, in particular the development of raw material and energy prices, the possible capacity limitations and the general economic prospects, in addition to the requests of the tenants.

In view of the expected decrease in the office market, the Company is examining the possibility of developing **residential and service functions** in this area, which would be more appropriate from urban design, urban planning, and business point of view in this area, instead of further office building development, as it is located far from the central area and is also separated by a public road. Currently, the residential property development opportunity is being assessed, which is expected to be finalized in the second quarter of 2025. In this regard, Graphisoft Park concluded a cooperation agreement with Synergy Construction Hungary Kft. After the conclusion of the examination, the partner company will have the opportunity to purchase the area and the project company that owns it under the conditions specified in the Cooperation Agreement.

In the northern area no further preparatory work or development is allowed until MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. completes its mandated rehabilitation duties in the area, which is currently considered uncertain (see details below in the "Main risk factors - rehabilitation of the northern development area" section). After the remediation, this northern development area together with the unused part of the monument area will provide room for another 42,000 m² gross leasable area. Altogether this gives **office development potential of around additional 46,000 m² gross leasable area**, and as such, **the gross leasable area might increase to 128,000 m² in the whole Graphisoft Park**.

In addition to the above, we should mention that next to the 18 hectares of the former Óbuda Gas Works owned by the Company, there is **another 12 hectares of development land** owned by the Municipality of Budapest. Following the required remediation, according to the currently valid regulations, an **additional 120,000 m² area can be developed**, for which an underground garage suitable for accommodating around 3,000 cars can also be built. If the

Municipality of Budapest wishes to sell its development areas, the Company has the right of pre-emption for the larger part of it (7.5 hectares).

Educational function

Key characteristic of the Graphisoft Park concept is the sustained synergy between teams of startup entrepreneurs, global IT and technology focused companies and educational institutions as leading edge „knowledge-factories”. In this spirit, the **IBS International Business School**, as well as **AIT-Budapest**, which is based primarily for students from the United States, and the **Real School**, which focuses on environmentally conscious education from an early age, were also located in the Park. Partnering relationships based on tight collaboration between technology firms, start-ups and educational institutions have been shaped among these three main pillars of Graphisoft Park, resulting in mutual support and strengthening and stimulating cooperation. The enhanced physical proximity and meaningful collaboration act as an attractive force and is recognized as a convenient source by all the three sectors. The management of the Park is consciously supporting the balanced presence of all three pillars and application of the full potential offered by their collaboration. We are open to accommodate educational institutions that act as knowledge centers and knowledge factories and fit the Park’s concept.

Cultural services

Creative work, research and educational activities are further supported by the Park’s Management by sustainably ensuring inspiring environment and numerous cultural services. Our goals are the increase of comfort levels, thus the levels of productivity for all Park tenant’s creative and productive staff, the development of tools for promoting communities, hosting of relevant events and programs for further improvement of creative work conditions for all our tenants. For this reason, we organize many open-air music events, periodic photo and painting exhibitions in the Park, and one of the largest outdoor collections of contemporary sculptures in Budapest is also located here. Furthermore, we constantly expand the possibilities of various leisure, sports and recreational activities. We do all this consciously, because **loyal employees affiliated with the Park can guarantee the competitiveness of our tenants in the market**. Management is committed to make the Park feel as a comfortable, pleasant second home for all resident employees, more than just a work-place.

Main risk factors associated with the areas

Rehabilitation of the northern development area:

Due to the prior gasification activity the northern development area is still contaminated. The rehabilitation of this area is the duty of the polluter Capital City Gas Works (currently MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt.).

The decision to impose a remediation obligation was finally made in 2015, after nearly 20 years of delay. In its decision dated June 29, 2015, file number PE/KTF/1096-39/2015, the Érdi District Office of the Pest County Government Office, as the environmental protection authority, obliged Fővárosi Gázművek Zrt. to remediate the damage in two phases; in the first phase essentially regarding the geological medium (soil exchange and removal) and in the second phase regarding the groundwater. The decision stipulated a deadline of November 30, 2017 for the implementation of the first phase, while the deadline for the second phase was April 30, 2019. The obligor did not start the actual remediation within the time specified for completion but carried out internal administrative preparatory activities. The obligor requested an extension of the deadline several times, which it received in turn.

A deadline extension granted in 2018 was challenged by Graphisoft Park in administrative court proceedings,

which it won in court, however, after the decision made on December 12, 2019, the Pest County Government Office conducted new proceedings. In the resolution dated April 30, 2020, the Pest County Government Office stated new deadlines of May 31, 2021, and September 30, 2022.

Government Decree nr. 286/2021 (V. 27.) on the establishment of rules related to certain administrative authority procedures was published under the epidemiological and emergency regulations on May 27, 2021. Pursuant to Section 1 of the Government Decree in force between May 28, 2021, and June 24, 2021, the polluter became entitled to request an extension of the deadline for remediation from the environmental authority, which was obliged to grant the extension. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. submitted the relevant request, which was approved by the authority and the decree ruled out the possibility of an appeal, so the current deadline for carrying out remediation and submitting the final documentation was December 31, 2022.

We requested information from MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. about its implementation plans related to the said deadline, to which we received the following information in response. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. still has the necessary permits to call for the construction tender and start construction, and has prepared the necessary documentation for the tender, however, despite its best intentions, it cannot make any responsible statement about the expected completion date of the remediation.

On December 23, 2022, Government Decree of 566/2022 (XII. 23) was published, which deals with the establishment of rules related to certain administrative authority procedures. On the basis of this decree, the legal entity obliged to remediate became entitled to request an extension of the remediation deadline from the environmental protection authority. If the application was submitted, the authority was obliged again to grant the deadline extension. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt., which is obliged to remediate the damage, submitted its request for this on December 27, 2022, which was granted by the authority on December 28, 2022. The decree ruled out the possibility of an appeal, so the currently valid new deadline for carrying out the remediation and submitting the final documentation would have been **December 31, 2024**, and the deadline for the remediation of certain sub-areas and for sub-surface water would have been **April 30, 2026**.

However, as of November 19, 2024, the legal environment regarding remediation has changed again, and the legal amendment that entered into force requires a so-called mandatory review for remediation that has not started within 5 years. During the mandatory review, a new, so-called "revised intervention plan" is prepared and thus the deadline for remediation is amended again. The review is ordered by the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs. Accordingly, based on the decision of the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy **dated December 20, 2024**, the **deadline** for submitting a **new, revised intervention plan to be prepared** by MVM Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. is **December 31, 2026**. During the review period, the implementation of the previous intervention plan cannot be started.

Currently, based on the above changes, the expected new deadline for completing the remediation cannot be determined; the preparation of the new, revised intervention plan itself means a 2-year extension and the actual remediation can only begin after its approval.

It should be noted that the repeated modification of the deadlines for **completing** the remediation, detailed above, always occurred immediately before the deadlines expired, but no substantive remediation **ever began** before these deadlines.

On January 21, 2025, the Company initiated a judicial review procedure, known as an administrative lawsuit, against the decision of December 20, 2024, which abolished the deadline for remediation. The defendant in the procedure is the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy. According to the Company's position, the decision violates the Constitution, and the rule of law norms were not applied during the decision-making process.

Graphisoft Park still considers the actual start and completion date of the remediation to be uncertain, and the Company still does not see it possible to start any substantial developments in the northern development area within the foreseeable future.

Flood risk:

Potential flood risk due to the location on the Danube waterfront, which is to be reckoned with for the increasing water level fluctuation, despite the old Gasworks rampart protecting the area even during the historical high floods in 2013.

Economic environment:

Since the properties in Graphisoft Park are mainly rented by stable companies, operating in research & development, the utilization of the office park decreased only slightly as a direct effect of the crisis caused by the coronavirus, the surge in inflation and the drastic change in energy prices, and it stands at 94%. At the same time, difficulties caused by economic conditions, the change in tenant behavior and the emerging oversupply in the office market may again result in temporary or longer-term vacancies, so we must once again consider demands for reducing office space and the permanent transformation of office use. Taking into account the risks affecting the rental revenue and the economic environment, due to the increase in market yield expectations, a further, possibly significant devaluation of the fair value of properties cannot be excluded.

Forecasts published here are based on the valid lease contracts in effect at the time of writing this report. Factors significantly affecting results are the economic environment, the changes in the HUF/EUR exchange rate (of which effects on the Company's results are unpredictable due to year-on-year fluctuations), the inflation rate and the regulatory environment with special regards to the tax regulations. In this forecast we calculate with 410 HUF/EUR exchange rate, euro inflation rate of 2.5% and unchanged legal and taxation environment till the end of 2025.

General information

Graphisoft Park Group

Graphisoft Park SE Real Estate Development European Company Limited by Shares (the "Company" or "Graphisoft Park SE") with its subsidiaries form the Graphisoft Park Group ("the Group" or "Graphisoft Park"). Graphisoft Park SE and subsidiaries are incorporated under the laws of Hungary. The court registration number of Graphisoft Park SE is CG 01-20-000002. The registered address of the Company is H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7, Hungary.

Corporate Governance

Public companies are increasingly expected to state clearly their corporate governance principles and to what extent those principles are implemented. As a company listed on the Budapest Stock Exchange (BSE), we are highly committed to meeting these expectations and legal and stock exchange requirements (publicly available at BSE website: bse.hu).

The Statutes of Graphisoft Park SE provides as governing bodies the general meeting of shareholders and the Board of Directors (single-tier system). Under the single-tier system, the SE is managed by the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors have the power to represent the company in dealings with third parties. Under the single-tier system the Board of Directors may delegate the power of management to one or more of its members. The independent members of the Board of Directors form the Audit Committee.

General Meeting

The General Meeting is the principal body of the Company, which comprises all the shareholders. The following activities shall fall within the exclusive authority of the General Meeting (inter alia, see details in the Articles of Association):

- Decision on the establishment of, and amendment to these Articles, unless otherwise provided by the Civil Code;
- Electing and dismissing the members and chairman of the Board of Directors, the auditor, and determining their remuneration, including their service as members of the committees of the Board of Directors.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for the Company's management and decides on matters other than those that must be determined by shareholders. The Board of Directors is required to report annually to the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the shareholders.

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors consists of a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 11 members elected at the annual general meeting of the shareholders for a term not to exceed of 5 years. Till April 28, 2023, Graphisoft Park SE operated with 6 members, from then on 7 members of Board.

Meetings of the Board of Directors are held at least four times a year. Meetings of the Board of Directors require the presence of major for a quorum. Each member has one vote. The Board of Directors passes resolutions by simple majority vote.

Members of the Board of Directors:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Bojár Gábor | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Kálmán János | Member | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Kocsány János | Member | April 28, 2011 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Szigeti András | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |
| Farkas Ildikó | Member | April 28, 2023 | May 31, 2026 |

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists in the appointment of independent auditors to be elected by the annual general meeting and reviews the scope of external audit services. It must pre-approve all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the external auditor.

The Audit Committee also reviews the annual financial statements of Graphisoft Park, taking into account the results of the audits and reviews performed by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee also reviews financial reports submitted to the stock exchanges, banks and regulatory bodies.

Audit Committee members are appointed from the independent members of the Board of Directors by the general meeting of the company.

Members of the Audit Committee:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Dr. Kálmán János | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |

Stock information

Graphisoft Park SE's share capital consists of 10,631,674 class "A" ordinary shares of 0.02 euro face value, each representing equal and identical rights, and 1,876,167 class "B" employee shares of 0.02 euro face value.

Ordinary shares of the Company are publicly traded at Budapest Stock Exchange from August 28, 2006. The share ownership structure is the following according to the Company's shareholder records:

| Shareholder | December 31, 2023 | | | December 31, 2024 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Shares (pc) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) | Shares (pc) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.87 | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.87 |
| Shareholders over 5% share | 4,645,531 | 43.70 | 41.87 | 4,444,884 | 41.81 | 39.73 |
| Bojár Gábor | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| HOLD Zrt. (5) | 735,386 | 6.92 | 6.63 | 1,259,759 | 11.85 | 11.26 |
| VIG Zrt. (4) | 725,020 | 6.82 | 6.53 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.52 | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.41 |
| Other shareholders | 5,437,067 | 51.14 | 49.00 | 5,637,714 | 53.03 | 50.04 |
| Treasury shares (1) | 549,076 | 5.16 | - | 549,076 | 5.16 | - |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES (2): | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó (3) | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| Treasury shares (1) | 862,954 | n/a | - | 772,954 | n/a | - |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(1) Treasury shares possessed by the Company do not pay dividend and bear no voting rights.

(2) Class „B” employee shares are not marketable, connected to employment, may be withdrawn by the Board of Directors at any time, have no voting rights in decisions that require qualified majority and bear reduced rights to dividend at the proportion of fifty percent of their face value. In the financial statements of the Company these payments are accounted as employee related expense instead of dividend. The Articles of Association and the Management Share Ownership Plan govern all other matters related to the employee shares.

(3) As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

(4) Based on the notice sent by VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt (previously known as AEGON Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt) on February 22, 2024, its share in the Company was reduced to less than 5%.

(5) Based on the notice sent by HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. on June 28, 2024, its share in the Company increased to over 10%.

Human resources

We ensure the continuous development of our employees, in addition we pay particular attention to special labor safety prescriptions affecting engineers working on development projects and employees working on property operation.

Diversity policy

Graphisoft Park SE prohibits discrimination against any person based on gender identity, age, disability, race or ethnicity, gender preferences and religion and will not tolerate any form of discrimination in the workplace. The Holding is committed to provide a working environment free from discrimination and equal opportunities to all of its employees, with regards to its cultural and legal environment. The Company will designate its managing officers and persons responsible for controlling its operation in accordance with its policies and commitments. The Company is committed to promoting and endeavors to achieve the highest level of diversity through the consistent practical implementation of its HR policies.

Events after the balance sheet date

Proposed dividend by the Board

The annual financial statements of the Company for the year 2024 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2025. The Board proposes dividend distribution of 0.71 euro per ordinary share, 7,158,645 euros in total to be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE of April 29, 2025. The Board also proposes 0.355 euros dividend per share for employee shares. The Annual General Meeting has the power to amend the annual financial statements.

Initiation of administrative lawsuit

On January 21, 2025, the Company initiated a judicial review procedure, known as an administrative lawsuit, against the decision of December 20, 2024, which abolished the deadline for remediation. The defendant in the procedure is the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy. According to the Company's position, the decision violates the Constitution, and the rule of law norms were not applied during the decision-making process.

Employee share transaction

On March 20, 2025, 60,000 employee shares were issued to Fekete Csaba, Operations Director.

Forward-looking statements - The forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report involve inherent risk and uncertainties, may be determined by additional factors, other than the ones mentioned above, therefore the actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forecast.

Statement of responsibility - We declare that the attached Consolidated Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Accounting Standards and to the best of our knowledge, give a true and fair view of the statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of Graphisoft Park SE and its undertakings included in the consolidation, and the Business Report gives a fair view of the position, development and performance of Graphisoft Park SE and its undertakings included in the consolidation, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties of its business.

Budapest, March 26, 2025



Kocsány János
Chief Executive Officer



GRAPHISOFT PARK SE

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 2024

in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

(audited)

Budapest, March 26, 2025

A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "Kocsány János".

Kocsány János
Chief Executive Officer

A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "Farkas Ildikó".

Farkas Ildikó
Chief Financial Officer

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GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 14,562 | 12,993 |
| Trade receivables | 6 | 1,097 | 1,571 |
| Current tax receivable | 7 | 562 | 382 |
| Other current assets | 8 | 3,192 | 2,999 |
| Current assets | | 19,413 | 17,945 |
| Investment property | 11 | 218,540 | 222,782 |
| (Owner occupied) Property, Plant and Equipment | 9 | 1,116 | 1,177 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 55 | 33 |
| Long-term financial assets | 15 | 4,999 | 3,504 |
| Non-current assets | | 224,710 | 227,496 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 244,123 | 245,441 |
| Short-term loans | 14 | 5,513 | 11,576 |
| Trade payables | 12 | 726 | 721 |
| Current tax liability | 7 | 400 | 473 |
| Short-term financial liability | 15 | - | 1,656 |
| Other short-term liabilities | 13 | 4,846 | 3,574 |
| Current liabilities | | 11,485 | 18,000 |
| Long-term loans | 14 | 78,291 | 66,340 |
| Long-term financial liabilities | 15 | 1,439 | - |
| Other long-term liabilities | 16 | 751 | 288 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 80,481 | 66,628 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 91,966 | 84,628 |
| Share capital | 1.4 | 250 | 250 |
| Retained earnings | | 149,534 | 159,556 |
| Treasury shares | 24 | (981) | (979) |
| Cash flow hedge reserve | 15 | 5,727 | 4,407 |
| Revaluation reserve of properties | | 681 | 681 |
| Accumulated translation difference | | (3,054) | (3,102) |
| Shareholders' equity | | 152,157 | 160,813 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY | | 244,123 | 245,441 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Property rental revenue | | 16,845 | 17,261 |
| Revenue | 17 | 16,845 | 17,261 |
| Property related expense | 18 | (145) | (170) |
| Employee related expense | 18 | (1,018) | (1,141) |
| Other operating expense | 18 | (449) | (546) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9, 10, 18 | (216) | (226) |
| Operating expense | | (1,828) | (2,083) |
| Valuation (losses) / gains from investment property | 11 | (4,422) | 2,900 |
| Other income | 19 | 574 | 1,003 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 11,169 | 19,081 |
| Interest income | 20 | 734 | 385 |
| Interest expense | 20 | (1,657) | (1,558) |
| Exchange rate difference | 21 | (63) | (461) |
| Financial result | | (986) | (1,634) |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX | | 10,183 | 17,447 |
| Income tax expense | 22 | (21) | (365) |
| PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD | | 10,162 | 17,082 |
| Attributable to equity holders of the parent | | 10,162 | 17,082 |
| Basic earnings per share (EUR) | 23 | 1.01 | 1.69 |
| Diluted earnings per share (EUR) | 23 | 1.01 | 1.69 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
 (all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Profit for the period | | 10,162 | 17,082 |
| Cash-flow hedge valuation reserve* | | (2,210) | (1,320) |
| Translation difference** | | 33 | (48) |
| Other comprehensive income | | (2,177) | (1,368) |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | 7,985 | 15,714 |
| Attributable to equity holders of the parent | | 7,985 | 15,714 |

* Will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

** Will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

| | Share capital | Retained earnings | *Treasury shares | **Cash flow hedge reserve | ***Revaluation reserve of properties | Accum. translation difference | Total equity |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| December 31, 2022 | 250 | 144,810 | (972) | 7,937 | 681 | (3,087) | 149,619 |
| Profit for the period | - | 10,127 | - | 35 | - | - | 10,162 |
| Translation difference | - | - | - | - | - | 33 | 33 |
| Revaluation reserve | - | 35 | - | (2,245) | - | - | (2,210) |
| Treasury share buyback | - | - | (13) | - | - | - | (13) |
| Treasury share transfer | - | (4) | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend | - | (5,434) | - | - | - | - | (5,434) |
| December 31, 2023 | 250 | 149,534 | (981) | 5,727 | 681 | (3,054) | 152,157 |
| Profit for the period | - | 17,066 | - | 16 | - | - | 17,082 |
| Translation difference | - | - | - | - | - | (48) | (48) |
| Revaluation reserve | - | 16 | - | (1,336) | - | - | (1,320) |
| Treasury share transfer | - | (2) | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend | - | (7,058) | - | - | - | - | (7,058) |
| December 31, 2024 | 250 | 159,556 | (979) | 4,407 | 681 | (3,102) | 160,813 |

* Treasury share details are disclosed in Note 24.

** Cash flow hedge transaction details are disclosed in Note 14 (Loans).

*** Revaluation surplus on leasing a part of owner-occupied property, i.e. transfers from investment property to owner occupied property.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Income before tax | | 10,183 | 17,447 |
| Fair value change of investment properties | 11 | 4,422 | (2,900) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9, 10,18 | 216 | 226 |
| Loss / (gain) on sale of tangible assets | | 8 | (24) |
| Write-down of fixed assets | | - | 10 |
| Interest expense | 20 | 1,657 | 1,558 |
| Interest income | 20 | (734) | (385) |
| Unrealized foreign exchange loss / (gain) | | 122 | (112) |
| Changes in working capital: | | | |
| Decrease / (increase) in receivables and other current assets | | 667 | (132) |
| (Decrease) in liabilities | | (932) | (983) |
| Corporate income tax paid | | (21) | (344) |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 15,588 | 14,361 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchase of investment property | 11 | (960) | (1,381) |
| Purchase of other tangible assets | 9 | (63) | (284) |
| Purchase of intangibles | 10 | (19) | (16) |
| Sale of tangible assets | 9 | 22 | 33 |
| Interest received | | 727 | 395 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (293) | (1,253) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Loan repayments | 14, 28 | (5,934) | (6,038) |
| Interest paid | 14 | (1,609) | (1,539) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | | (13) | - |
| Dividend paid | 31, 28 | (5,434) | (7,058) |
| Net cash from used in financing activities | | (12,990) | (14,635) |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 2,305 | (1,527) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | | 12,236 | 14,562 |
| Exchange rate gain on cash and cash equivalents | | 21 | (42) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | | 14,562 | 12,993 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

1. General information

1.1. Business activities

Graphisoft Park SE Real Estate Development European Company Limited by Shares (the "Company" or "Graphisoft Park SE") with its subsidiaries form the Graphisoft Park Group ("the Group" or "Graphisoft Park").

Graphisoft Park SE and subsidiaries are incorporated under the laws of Hungary. The court registration number of Graphisoft Park SE is CG 01-20-000002. Its website is www.graphisoftpark.com.

Domicile of the Company: H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7.

Address of the Company's registered office: H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7.

Principal place of business: H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7.

Graphisoft Park SE was established through a demerger from Graphisoft SE on August 21, 2006. The purpose of the restructuring was to spin off a new company, dedicated to real estate development and management. The Company's name is unchanged since its establishment. Graphisoft Park operates as a holding currently having five 100% owned subsidiaries.

The real estate development is performed by the owners of the properties, namely Graphisoft Park Kft., Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. and Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. Graphisoft Park Services Kft. is responsible for property operation tasks. On December 14, 2017, Graphisoft Park SE established Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft., which entity is responsible for the Group's certain property management, engineering and administration activities from January 1, 2018.

Headcount was 25 on December 31, 2024 (2023: 25).

1.2. Regulated real estate investment company

From January 1, 2018, Graphisoft Park SE and its subsidiaries (except for Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft.) operate as regulated real estate investment company and project company respectively.

The designation of the regulated real estate investment company (SZIT) as a company form for doing business was introduced by the Act 102 of 2011. Regulated real estate investment companies (SZIT) are public companies limited by shares that fulfill the requirements of the governing law (Act 102 of 2011 on regulated real estate investment companies) and are therefore eligible for registration with the national tax authority as SZIT and are registered as such upon request from the company, which entitles them to certain tax benefits.

The main requirements of acquiring the SZIT designation are as follow (for the complete list and details see Act 102 of 2011):

- (a) the company's business activities are restricted to a number of real estate related activities (buying and selling/renting/operating of own real estate, management of real estate, facilities support activities, asset management),
- (b) the company is not under voluntary or court ordered winding-up, termination or bankruptcy proceedings,
- (c) proposes dividend at least at the amount of 90% (project companies 100%) of its results, or if the company's liquid funds are less than that, then the company shall pay 90% (project companies 100%) of its liquid funds in dividends, unless a loan agreement concluded with a credit institution restricts such payments,
- (d) the company owns no shares in other businesses other than in its own project companies (subsidiaries), in different regulated real estate investment companies (maximum 10% share ownership) and in companies organizing construction projects,
- (e) the direct and combined voting rights of credit institutions and insurance companies are limited to 10% of all voting rights within the company,
- (f) it has at least 5 billion HUF (consolidated) initial capital,

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(g) it is publicly listed and issues only ordinary and employee shares,

(h) at least 25% of the total number of shares is owned by shareholders, of whom no individual shareholder owns – directly or indirectly – more than 5% of the total number of shares.

There are further requirements in the regulation concerning the company's asset-portfolio and operations that are pre-requisites of applying for the SZIT designation.

The tax benefits of the SZIT designations are as follow (for details see Act 102 of 2011 and the tax laws concerned):

- exemption from corporate income tax,
- exemption from local business tax,
- preferential (2%) property acquisition duty rate.

1.3. Properties

The total area of Graphisoft Park is nearly 18 hectares. Over the past 25 years, 82,000 m² gross leasable area (offices, laboratories, educational area and auxiliary facilities) have been developed and occupied by tenants. Belonging to them underground parking facilities for around 2,000 cars are available. The remaining area provides the opportunity to develop an additional 66,000 m² of gross leasable area together with underground parking and auxiliary facilities.

The real estate is categorized as follows:

| Area | Property | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Gross leasable area | Office area | 58,000 sqm |
| | Laboratory | 7,000 sqm |
| | Educational area | 8,000 sqm |
| | Storage | 6,000 sqm |
| | Service area | 3,000 sqm |
| | Underground parking | 2,000 pcs |
| Development area | Northern development area (after rehabilitation) | 42,000 sqm |
| | Southern development area | 24,000 sqm |

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1.4. Stock information

Graphisoft Park SE's share capital consists of 10,631,674 class "A" publicly traded, marketable, registered ordinary shares of 0.02 euro face value, each representing equal and identical rights, and 1,876,167 class "B" employee shares of 0.02 euro face value. The share capital has been fully paid.

Ordinary shares of the Company are publicly traded at Budapest Stock Exchange, currently in Premium category, from August 28, 2006. The share ownership structure is the following according to the Company's shareholder records:

| Shareholder | December 31, 2023 | | | December 31, 2024 | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.87 | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.14 |
| Directors and management | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 16.12 | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 15.99 |
| Bojár Gábor - Chairman of the BoD | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| Dr. Kálmán János - Member of the BoD | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| Shareholders over 5% share | 2,960,406 | 27.85 | 26.68 | 2,759,759 | 25.96 | 24.67 |
| HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. (5) | 735,386 | 6.92 | 6.63 | 1,259,759 | 11.85 | 11.26 |
| VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt. (4) | 725,020 | 6.82 | 6.53 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.52 | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.41 |
| Other shareholders | 5,333,110 | 50.16 | 48.06 | 5,533,757 | 52.05 | 49.48 |
| Treasury shares (1) | 549,076 | 5.16 | - | 549,076 | 5.16 | - |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES (2): | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó - Member of the BoD, CFO (3) | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| Employee treasury shares (1) | 862,954 | n/a | - | 772,954 | n/a | - |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(1) Treasury shares possessed by the Company do not pay dividend and bear no voting rights. For details refer to Note 23.

(2) Class „B” employee shares are not marketable, connected to employment, may be withdrawn by the Board of Directors at any time, have no voting rights in decisions that require qualified majority and bear reduced rights to dividend at the proportion of fifty percent of their face value. In the financial statements of the Company these payments are accounted as employee related expense instead of dividend. The Articles of Association and the Management Share Ownership Plan govern all other matters related to the employee shares.

(3) As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

(4) Based on the notice sent by VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt (previously known as AEGON Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt) on February 22, 2024, its share in the Company was reduced to less than 5%.

(5) Based on the notice sent by HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. on June 28, 2024, its share in the Company increased to over 10%.

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Based on the ownership structure of the Company, the ultimate parent of the Group is the same as the shareholders. Shareholders over 5% share are as follow: Bojár Gábor (15.85%), B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. (14.11%) and Hold Alapkezelő Zrt. (11.85%). In 2023, VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt. (previously named AEGON Zrt.) was among the shareholders over 5% share, but after its transactions in 2024, its ownership decreased to below 5%.

1.5. Corporate Governance

Public companies are increasingly expected to state clearly their corporate governance principles and to what extent those principles are implemented. As a company listed on the Budapest Stock Exchange (BSE), we are highly committed to meeting these expectations and legal and stock exchange requirements (publicly available at BSE website: bse.hu).

The Statutes of Graphisoft Park SE provides as governing bodies the general meeting of shareholders and the Board of Directors (single-tier system). Under the single-tier system, the SE is managed by the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors have the power to represent the company in dealings with third parties. Under the single-tier system the Board of Directors may delegate the power of management to one or more of its members. The independent members of the Board of Directors form the Audit Committee.

General Meeting

The General Meeting is the principal body of the Company, which comprises all the shareholders. The following activities shall fall within the exclusive authority of the General Meeting (inter alia, see details in the Articles of Association):

- Decision on the establishment of, and amendment to these Articles, unless otherwise provided by the [Civil Code](#);
- Electing and dismissing the members and chairman of the Board of Directors, the auditor, and determining their remuneration, including their service as members of the committees of the Board of Directors.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for the Company's management and decides on matters other than those that must be determined by shareholders. The Board of Directors is required to report annually to the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the shareholders.

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors consists of a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 11 members elected at the annual general meeting of the shareholders for a term not to exceed of 5 years. Till April 28, 2023, Graphisoft Park SE operated with 6 members, from then on 7 members of Board.

Meetings of the Board of Directors are held at least four times a year. Meetings of the Board of Directors require the presence of major for a quorum. Each member has one vote. The Board of Directors passes resolutions by simple majority vote.

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Members of the Board of Directors:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Bojár Gábor | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Kálmán János | Member | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Kocsány János | Member | April 28, 2011 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Szigeti András | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |
| Farkas Ildikó | Member | April 28, 2023 | May 31, 2026 |

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists in the appointment of independent auditors to be elected by the annual general meeting and reviews the scope of external audit services. It must pre-approve all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the external auditor.

The Audit Committee also reviews the annual financial statements of Graphisoft Park, taking into account the results of the audits and reviews performed by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee also reviews financial reports submitted to the stock exchanges, banks and regulatory bodies.

Audit Committee members are appointed from the independent members of the Board of Directors by the general meeting of the company.

Members of the Audit Committee:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Dr. Kálmán János | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |

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2. Accounting policies

2.1. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of Graphisoft Park Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU). All standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) effective at the time of preparing the consolidated financial statements and applicable to Graphisoft Park Group have been adopted by the EU. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements currently also comply with IFRS as issued by the IASB and also comply with the Hungarian Accounting Law on consolidated financial statements, which refers to IFRS as adopted by the EU. The financial year is the same as the calendar year.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

2.2. Changes in accounting policies

Adoption of new or modified standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following amended IFRSs and interpretations which have been adopted by the Group as of January 1, 2024:

A) Amendments to IAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current: The IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement;
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right;
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

In addition, a requirement has been introduced to require disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months.

The amendments had no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

B) Supplier Finance Arrangements - Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7: In May 2023, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The amendments had no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

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C) Amendments to IFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback: In September 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 16 to specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains.

The amendments had no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3. Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Graphisoft Park SE and the subsidiaries that it controls. Control is evidenced when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with a company, and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the company. Power over an entity means having existing rights to direct its relevant activities. The relevant activities of a company are those activities which significantly affects its returns.

The following subsidiaries were consolidated in 2023 and in 2024 (Graphisoft Park SE is the sole owner of all companies):

| Subsidiary | Date of foundation | Registered capital 2023 | Registered capital 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | November, 2005 | 46,108 EUR | 46,108 EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | October, 2008 | 11,000,000 HUF | 12,000,000 HUF |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | September, 2016 | 23,000 EUR | 23,000 EUR |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | September, 2016 | 22,000 EUR | 23,000 EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | December, 2017 | 10,000,000 HUF | 10,000,000 HUF |

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the measurement and presentation basis applied in IFRS.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between the companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are adjusted to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

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2.4. Foreign currency translations

Functional and presentation currency:

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"), as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park SE | EUR | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | EUR | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | HUF | HUF |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | EUR | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | EUR | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | HUF | HUF |

Management assessment on functional currency determination is disclosed in Note 3 (Critical accounting estimates and judgments).

The consolidated financial statements are presented rounded in thousands of EUR, unless otherwise indicated, which is the Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of these transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the income statement.

Group companies:

The results and financial position of all of the Group's entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of the balance sheet;
- (b) income statements are translated at annual average exchange rates;
- (c) all resulting exchange differences are recognized directly in the consolidated equity (accumulated translation difference).

Exchange rates used were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------|--------|--------|
| EUR/HUF opening: | 400.25 | 382.78 |
| EUR/HUF closing: | 382.78 | 410.09 |
| EUR/HUF average: | 381.95 | 395.20 |

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2.5. Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when: (1) it is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle; (2) held primarily for the purpose of trading; (3) expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or (4) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: (1) it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle; (2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading; (3) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or (4) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank, short-term bank deposits with less than three months to maturity and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.7. Derivative financial instruments

The derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to net profit or loss for the year as finance income or expense. The year-end fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined by the contracted partner of the Group taking into expected yield and the contractual conditions.

The fair value measurement's hierarchy level of derivative financial instruments, which are prepared by the Group's financing banks, is level 2.

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2.8. Hedges

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as either

- fair value hedges or
- cash-flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedge or the hedge relationship the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting. The documentation also contains the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Company will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows. These hedges are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedge accounting is accounted as follows:

Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are hedges of the Company's exposure to changes in fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized commitment, or an identified portion of such asset, liability or commitment; which is attributable to a particular risk that could affect the Company's profit or loss.

For fair value hedges, the carrying amount of the hedged item is adjusted for gains or losses attributable to the risk being hedged, while the derivative is re-measured at fair value and gains or losses are credited/debited into the profit or loss. As such gains or losses from both the hedged item and the derivative are accounted for the profit or loss. Fair value hedges relating to items carried at amortized cost, the adjustment to carrying value is amortized through the profit or loss over the remaining term to maturity. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest rate method is used is amortized to the profit or loss.

The Company discontinues fair value hedge accounting if the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the Company revokes the designation.

Cash-flow hedges

Cash-flow hedges are hedges of the exposure to variability in cash flows which is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction that could affect the profit or loss. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized directly in the other comprehensive income, while the ineffective portion is recognized in the profit or loss.

Amounts taken to other comprehensive income are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects the profit or loss. Where the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the amounts previously taken to the other comprehensive income are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are transferred into the profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked by the Company, amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income remain in other comprehensive income until the forecast transaction occurs. If the related transaction is not expected to occur, the amount is accounted into the profit or loss.

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2.9. Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. A provision for impairment is made for full-lifetime expected credit losses using the simplified approach. Impairment (if any) of trade receivables is disclosed in Note 6.

2.10. Loans and other borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value less transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortized costs using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest is recognized in the income statement (finance expenses) over the period of the borrowings.

IFRS amendments relating to the Interest Rate Benchmark Reform, which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR), had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, since no replacement of the benchmark rates occurred in 2024. According to the management's assessment, no replacement of EURIBOR rates is expected in the near future, which might affect the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, according to the management's assessment, future replacement of the interest rates will have limited or no impact on the consolidated financial statements since the Company fixed its floating interest rate loans with IRS deals.

Fair value hierarchy:

With regards to the loans, the fair value measurement's IFRS 13 hierarchy level is level 3. The effective rate of interest used to present fair value is calculated considering market rates and the Group's specific premium.

2.11. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables (including accruals) are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The carrying values of trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturity.

2.12. Investment property

Investment property comprises completed property, development lands and property under construction or re-development that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Property held under lease is classified as investment property when it is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business or for use in production or administrative functions.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Transaction costs include transfer taxes, professional fees for legal services, borrowing costs and initial leasing commissions to bring the property to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating. The carrying amount also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect (if any).

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, any difference at that

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date between the carrying amount and the fair value of that property will be recorded in the “revaluation reserve of properties” within the equity, if the fair value is higher than the carrying amount; and in the profit or loss if the fair value is lower than the carrying amount.

Investment property is derecognized either when it has been disposed of or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

2.13. Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the income statement.

The initial cost of assets comprises its purchase price, including duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use, such as borrowing costs.

Replacements and improvements, which prolong the useful life or significantly improve the condition of the asset are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. General depreciation rules are stated as follows:

| Type of asset | Depreciation |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Properties | 20 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 5-15 years |
| Office equipment | 3-7 years |
| Vehicles | 5 years - 20% residual value |

The useful life and depreciation methods are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of tangible assets.

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2.14. Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains lease elements, is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date as to whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment after inception of the lease is possible only if one of the following applies:

- a) there is a change in contractual terms, other than renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- b) a renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- c) there is a change in determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specific asset; or
- d) there is a substantial change to the asset.

Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c) or (d) and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

Group as a lessor:

The Group classifies each lease as an operating or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Otherwise, a lease is classified as operating lease.

At finance lease, upon lease commencement, assets held under finance lease are recognized as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. Finance income is recognized in the income statement over the lease term (reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment).

Operating lease payments coming from investment property rental are recognized as rental income on a straight-line basis in the income statement. Initial indirect cost incurred while concluding an operating lease agreement are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

2.15. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a property that necessarily takes a substantial period of time (in general over 6 months) to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Capitalization commences when: (1) the Group incurs expenditures for the asset; (2) the Group incurs borrowing costs; and (3) the Group undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs incurred in relation to investment property under development are expensed as incurred. The interest capitalized is calculated using the Group's weighted average cost of borrowings after adjusting for borrowings associated with specific developments. Where borrowings are associated with specific developments, the amount capitalized is the gross interest incurred on those borrowings less any investment income arising on their temporary investment. Interest is capitalized from the commencement of the development work until the date of practical completion, i.e., when substantially all of the development work is completed. The capitalization of finance costs is suspended if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted.

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2.16. Impairment of assets

Assets that are subject to amortization or depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The calculations of recoverable amounts are primarily determined by value in use calculations, which use a broad range of estimates and factors affecting those. Among others, the Company typically considers future revenues and expenses, technological obsolescence, discontinuance of services and other changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment. The recoverable amount is the higher of the assets' fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years.

2.17. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will occur in order to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured and recorded as the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

2.18. Pensions

The Group, in the normal course of business, makes fixed contributions into the Hungarian State pension fund on behalf of its employees. The Group does not operate any other pension scheme or post-retirement benefit plan, and consequently, has no legal or constructive obligation to make further contributions if the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

2.19. Revenue recognition

- **Revenue recognition (based on IFRS 15)**

Other income (expense):

Incomes from agency agreements, where the Company acts as a mediator, are not shown as revenues, but rather as other income (expense) in the income statement together with directly related expenditures (net) and recognized over time.

- **Revenue recognition (based on IFRS 16)**

Rental revenue:

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

- **Revenue recognition (based on other Standards)**

Interest income:

Revenue is recognized as interest accrues (using the effective interest method). Interest income is included in financial results in the income statement.

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2.20. Treasury shares

Treasury stock represents the cost of shares repurchased (recorded individually per purchase) and is displayed as a reduction of shareholder's equity. Premiums and discounts on repurchase and subsequent disposal are credited and debited respectively directly to retained earnings.

2.21. Employee shares

Pay-outs related to employee shares (reduced rate dividend payments) are shown under employee related expenses in the statement of income in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

2.22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated considering the weighted average number of diluting share options (if any) in addition to the number of ordinary shares outstanding.

2.23. Dividend

Dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recorded as a liability and debited against equity in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

2.24. Operating profit

Operating profit is defined as revenues less operating expenses and other income (expense).

2.25. Segment information

For management purposes the Group comprises a single operational (business and geographical) segment. For this reason, the consolidated financial statements contain no segment information.

2.26. Government grants

Government grants are recognized at fair value, if there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received by the Group and every condition is complied with. Grants compensating expenses are recognized in the profit and loss statement in the period when the related expenses are recognized.

Grants related to assets are recognized as deferred income and recognized in the profit and loss statement systematically over the useful life of the asset.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are outlined below.

3.1 Functional currency

The functional currency of an entity reflects the underlying transactions, events and conditions that are relevant to the entity. IAS 21 – “The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates” determines factors to be considered in determining functional currency. When the indicators are mixed and the functional currency is not obvious, management exercises judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. Functional currency details are disclosed in Note 2.4.

3.2 Impairment of tangible assets

The Group assesses the impairment of tangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The calculations of recoverable amounts are primarily determined by value in use calculations, which use a broad range of estimates and factors affecting those. Among others, the Group typically considers future revenues and expenses, technological obsolescence, discontinuance of services and other changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment. If impairment is identified using the value in use calculations, the Group also determines the fair value less cost to sell (if determinable), to calculate the exact amount of impairment to be charged. As this exercise is highly judgmental, the amount of a potential impairment may be significantly different from that of the result of these calculations.

3.3 Provisions

Provisions in general are highly judgmental, especially in case of legal disputes. The Group assesses the probability of an adverse event as a result of a past event and if the probability of an outflow of economic benefits is evaluated to be more probable than not, the Group fully provides for the total amount of the estimated liability.

3.4 Fair value of investment property

The fair value of investment property is determined by real estate valuation experts using recognized valuation techniques and principles of IFRS 13 “Fair Value Measurement”. Investment property under construction is measured based on estimates prepared by independent real estate valuation experts, except where such values cannot be reliably determined. In such case investment property is recorded at cost. With regards to the investment property, the fair value measurement’s IFRS 13 hierarchy level, based on the valuations is level 3.

3.5 Effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and the increasing energy prices

The coronavirus outbreak was first reported near the end of 2019. The virus has significantly impacted the world economy. In addition, starting from 2021 but mainly in the second half of 2022, as a result of the Ukrainian war and other factors, energy prices started to increase significantly. The Group assessed effects or potential effects of the pandemic and the rising energy prices to the Group Financial Statements. In addition, the Group constantly monitors the possible further effects of the war. Investment property fair values might be largely influenced by the future occupancy rates, level of lease revenues and applied discount rates. Investment property related effects of the pandemic and the increasing energy prices are disclosed in Note 11.

The occurrence of large-scale business disruptions due to the above noted factors potentially gives rise to liquidity issues for certain tenants. It might also have consequential impacts on the credit quality of tenants along the supply chain. The Group exercised judgement and its best efforts to consider all reasonable and supportable information available about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions regarding expected credit losses. Effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and the increasing energy prices regarding trade receivables are disclosed in Note 6.

4. Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

A) Amendments to IAS 21: Lack of exchangeability: The amendment to IAS 21 specifies how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking.

The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Group's financial statements.

B) IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements: In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. Furthermore, entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, of which the first three are new.

It also requires disclosure of newly defined management-defined performance measures, subtotals of income and expenses, and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified 'roles' of the primary financial statements (PFS) and the notes.

In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, which include changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method, from 'profit or loss' to 'operating profit or loss' and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. In addition, there are consequential amendments to several other standards.

The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is currently working to identify all impacts the amendments will have on the primary financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

C) IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures: In May 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 19, which allows eligible entities to elect to apply its reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. To be eligible, at the end of the reporting period, an entity must be a subsidiary as defined in IFRS 10, cannot have public accountability and must have a parent (ultimate or intermediate) that prepares consolidated financial statements, available for public use, which comply with IFRS accounting standards.

The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. Graphisoft Park SE is not eligible to elect to apply IFRS 19, as its equity instruments are publicly traded.

D) Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7: Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments: In 2022, the IASB concluded its post-implementation review of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. In general, the IASB found that preparers can apply the requirements consistently. However, the IASB identified some requirements that would benefit from clarification to improve their understandability. Amendments cover aspects of (1) derecognition of a financial liability settled through electronic transfer, (2) classification of financial assets and (3) certain disclosure requirements.

The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

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5. Cash and cash equivalents

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash in hand | 1 | 1 |
| Cash at banks | 14,561 | 12,992 |
| Cash and bank | 14,562 | 12,993 |

6. Trade receivables

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Trade receivables | 1,113 | 1,586 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | (16) | (16) |
| Trade receivables | 1,097 | 1,571 |

Trade receivables are on average on 8-30 day payment terms. According to the accounting policies, applying the general approach the 12-month expected credit loss is 0 euro (2023: 0 euro).

Trade receivables' aging is as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Not overdue | 73 | 669 |
| Overdue less than 3 months | 904 | 675 |
| Overdue between 3 and 12 months | 117 | 222 |
| Overdue over 12 months | 19 | 20 |
| Trade receivables | 1,113 | 1,586 |

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The Group considers a trade receivable in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a trade receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A trade receivable is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using individual assessments to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for customers. The calculation reflects the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year but are still subject to enforcement activity if cost of recovery is less than the outstanding balance. The deposits (3 months of rental fee) held by the Group and other forms of credit insurance (e.g. bank guarantee letters for 3 months of rental fee) are considered integral part of trade receivables and considered in the calculation of impairment. As of December 31, 2024, 33% (2023: 46%) of the Group's trade receivables are covered by deposits or bank guarantee letters.

7. Current tax receivables and liabilities

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Current tax receivables | 562 | 382 |
| Current tax liabilities | (400) | (473) |
| Current tax assets / (liabilities), net | 162 | (91) |

Tax assets / liabilities primarily include VAT asset / liability.

8. Other current assets

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Accrued income | 532 | 324 |
| Prepaid expense | 94 | 96 |
| Bank security accounts | 2,434 | 2,472 |
| Other receivables | 132 | 107 |
| Other current assets | 3,192 | 2,999 |

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9. (Owner occupied) Property, Plant and Equipment

| | (Owner occupied) Property | Plant and Equipment | (Owner occupied) Property, Plant and Equipment |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Net value: | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>941</u> | <u>315</u> | <u>1,256</u> |
| Gross value: | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 1,375 | 1,067 | 2,442 |
| Addition | 2 | 61 | 63 |
| Sale | - | (47) | (47) |
| Scrapping | - | (124) | (124) |
| Translation difference | - | 34 | 34 |
| December 31, 2023 | <u>1,377</u> | <u>991</u> | <u>2,368</u> |
| Depreciation: | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 434 | 752 | 1,186 |
| Addition | 82 | 102 | 184 |
| Sale | - | (17) | (17) |
| Scrapping | - | (124) | (124) |
| Translation difference | - | 23 | 23 |
| December 31, 2023 | <u>516</u> | <u>736</u> | <u>1,252</u> |
| Net value: | | | |
| December 31, 2023 | <u>861</u> | <u>255</u> | <u>1,116</u> |
| Gross value: | | | |
| December 31, 2023 | 1,377 | 991 | 2,368 |
| Addition | 4 | 280 | 284 |
| Sale | - | (67) | (67) |
| Translation difference | - | (59) | (59) |
| December 31, 2024 | <u>1,381</u> | <u>1,145</u> | <u>2,526</u> |
| Depreciation: | | | |
| December 31, 2023 | 516 | 736 | 1,252 |
| Addition | 71 | 123 | 194 |
| Sale | - | (58) | (58) |
| Translation difference | - | (39) | (39) |
| December 31, 2024 | <u>587</u> | <u>762</u> | <u>1,349</u> |
| Net value: | | | |
| December 31, 2024 | <u>794</u> | <u>383</u> | <u>1,177</u> |

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10. Intangible assets

| | Software | Intangible assets | | Software | Intangible assets |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Net value: | | | Net value: | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 65 | 65 | December 31, 2023 | 55 | 55 |
| Gross value: | | | Gross value: | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 136 | 136 | December 31, 2023 | 162 | 162 |
| Addition | 19 | 19 | Addition | 16 | 16 |
| Scrapping | - | - | Scrapping | (11) | (11) |
| Translation difference | 7 | 7 | Translation difference | (11) | (11) |
| December 31, 2023 | 162 | 162 | December 31, 2024 | 156 | 156 |
| Depreciation: | | | Depreciation: | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 71 | 71 | December 31, 2023 | 107 | 107 |
| Addition | 32 | 32 | Addition | 32 | 32 |
| Scrapping | - | - | Scrapping | (7) | (7) |
| Translation difference | 4 | 4 | Translation difference | (9) | (9) |
| December 31, 2023 | 107 | 107 | December 31, 2024 | 123 | 123 |
| Net value: | | | Net value: | | |
| December 31, 2023 | 55 | 55 | December 31, 2024 | 33 | 33 |

The Group owns only purchased intangible assets; amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are 3-7 years.

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11. Investment property

| | Development Land | Completed investment property | Investment property |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Book value: | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | 8,354 | 213,612 | 221,966 |
| Addition | - | 996 | 996 |
| Change in fair value | - | (4,422) | (4,422) |
| December 31, 2023 | 8,354 | 210,186 | 218,540 |
| Addition | 169 | 1,179 | 1,348 |
| Scrapping | (6) | - | (6) |
| Change in fair value | - | 2,900 | 2,900 |
| December 31, 2024 | 8,523 | 214,265 | 222,782 |

2024 additions in construction in progress of 1,348 thousand euros comprise the following:

- refurbishment of buildings in progress in the core area (670 thousand euros),
- fit-out works in completed investment properties upon tenants' requests (464 thousand euros),
- land development (169 thousand euros) and
- other developments in progress (45 thousand euros).

In 2023, due to the economic conditions, the prolonged impact of the crisis, and the oversupply characteristic of the office market, the fair value of properties decreased by 4,422 thousand euros due to higher yields. In 2024, contract extensions with major tenants, rental fee developments and stable occupancy increased the fair value of the properties by 2,900 thousand euros. Regarding the long-term effects on office use, we cannot exclude a more permanent devaluation of properties either in the future.

The independent valuation was prepared by ESTON International Kft. with the Income approach applied for all periods presented. Properties with occupancy permits were valued based on the Discounted Cash Flow method, while properties under construction (did not exist in 2024 and in 2023) were valued based on the Residual Value method. Present value of cash flows from rental fees was calculated with a market-based discount factor reflecting the expected return from investors and creditors (cost of capital).

In the valuation the appraiser evaluated the asset's potential to generate income, which is the present value of future incoming free cash flows and which represents the value of an asset or an investment. The basis of the calculation is that it counts in the present (at the date of the evaluation) with future benefits of owning and using an asset. Net present value is determined through the 10 years cash-flow method based on revenues less expenses, which include the period covered by rental contracts as well as periods of free market usage.

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The comparable approach was used for review technique which fairly supported the results of the yield- and residual value calculations.

In the case of completed investment properties, the level of the fair value determination according to IFRS 13 is level 3.

According to IAS 40 development lands are presented at cost.

The key assumptions applied by the independent appraiser for the periods presented were the followings:

| | | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rental area | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> office, laboratory and related service areas education area Dormitory | 73,000 m ² 6,000 m ² 3,000 m ² / 85 persons | 73,000 m ² 6,000 m ² 3,000 m ² / 85 persons |
| Development lands | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> rentable area which can be developed | 66,000 m ² | 66,000 m ² |
| Long term occupancy | | 85% | 85% |
| Average discount factor used | | 7.67% | 7.56% |

Sensitivity analysis of investment property:

| | | December 31, 2023 | | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Long term occupancy rate | | | | |
| | 100% | 230,042 | 100% | 237,002 |
| | 95% | 218,540 | 94% | 222,782 |
| | 90% | 207,038 | 90% | 213,302 |
| Average discount factor | | | | |
| | 7.37% | 227,436 | 7.26% | 231,988 |
| | 7.67% | 218,540 | 7.56% | 222,782 |
| | 7.97% | 210,314 | 7.86% | 214,279 |

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12. Trade payables

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Trade payables – domestic | 726 | 721 |
| Trade payables | 726 | 721 |

The Group settles trade payables within the payment term and had no overdue payables as of December 31, 2024, and 2023.

13. Other short-term liabilities

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Amounts due to employees | 66 | 105 |
| Deposits from tenants* | 1,857 | 1,330 |
| Fair value difference of loans** | 510 | 456 |
| Accrued tenant settlement*** | 1,025 | - |
| Other payables and accruals | 1,388 | 1,683 |
| Other short-term liabilities | 4,846 | 3,574 |

* At the end of 2024, deposits also include a guarantee of 400 thousand euros (2023: 700 thousand euros) paid due to the accumulation of customer debt.

** Fair value difference of loans with preferential interest rate due within one year. Details are disclosed in Note 14 (Loans).

*** Tenant settlement (credit notes) accrued in 2023, has been invoiced to tenants in 2024.

14. Loans

14.1. Loan details

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term | 5,513 | 11,576 |
| Long-term | 78,291 | 66,340 |
| Loans | 83,804 | 77,916 |

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Loans provided by Erste Bank Hungary Zrt.:

Loan number 1. (Erste)

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term | 779 | 6,752 |
| Long-term | 7,127 | - |
| Loan 1 / Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. | 7,906 | 6,752 |

The Company executed a loan agreement with Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. on December 28, 2015, with 10 years maturity to finance the ongoing development in the core area. In accordance with the loan agreement and its modification on December 29, 2016, Erste Bank made a 4 billion HUF (12.1 million euros) credit facility available to Graphisoft Park within Pillar I of the second phase of the National Bank of Hungary's Funding for Growth Scheme and another 3 million euros credit facility within Pillar II of the third phase of the Funding for Growth Scheme. Main collaterals provided for the bank are: mortgage on real estate, revenue assignment and bank account pledge.

As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding capital of the forint-based facility amounts to 2.2 billion HUF (5,360 thousand euros); and the euro-based facility amounts to 1,530 thousand euros. The fair value of the loans (calculated using market interest rates) is 6,752 thousand euros (see details under point 14.2 below).

In order to manage exchange rate risks associated with the forint-based loan, we have executed a cash flow hedge (CCIRS) transaction agreement on June 24, 2016, covering the entire loan amount and cash flows from the beginning of the loan repayment period until the expiration of the loan contract (from end of 2017 until end of 2025), by which we have converted the forint-based capital and interest payment obligations onto euro base.

As of December 31, 2024, fair value of the cash flow hedge transaction is presented among short-term financial liabilities in amount of 1,656 thousand euros; unrealized difference related to the transaction are presented within the equity (Cash flow hedge reserve) in amount of 851 thousand euros. (As of December 31, 2023, fair value of the cash flow hedge transaction is presented among long-term financial liabilities in amount of 1,439 thousand euros; unrealized difference related to the transaction are presented within the equity in amount of 660 thousand euros.) Till the closure of the transaction any gains or losses due to ineffectiveness are not expected.

| Details of the hedge | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Financial liability relating to the hedge | (1,439) | (1,656) |
| Other comprehensive income relating to the hedge | 660 | 851 |
| Hedged outstanding loan liability | 6,455 | 5,360 |

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Loan number 2. (Erste)

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term | 2,022 | 2,082 |
| Long-term | 27,536 | 25,454 |
| Loan 2 / Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. | 29,558 | 27,536 |

On November 30, 2017, based on the decision of the Board of Directors, the Company concluded a new euro-based, 10 years to maturity loan facility with Erste Bank Hungary Zrt., for the refinancing of the previous loan facility. The new loan facility is complemented by an interest rate swap agreement (IRS) for its entire term from the second half of 2018, thus the interest rate is fixed for the entire term from that time – unlike the facility redeemed with partly variable interest rates. On December 31, 2024, fair value of the IRS is 943 thousand euros (2023: 1,580 thousand euros), which is presented among the long-term financial assets. Current year ineffectiveness of 16 thousand euros was accounted as other financial income (refer to Note 21). Till the closure of the transaction 53 thousand euros gains due to ineffectiveness are expected.

The facility is worth 40 million EUR. Main collaterals provided for the bank are: mortgage on real estate, revenue assignment and bank account pledge.

| Details of the hedge | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Financial (liability) / asset relating to the hedge | 1,580 | 943 |
| Other comprehensive income relating to the hedge | (1,649) | 996 |
| Hedged outstanding loan liability | 29,642 | 27,599 |

Loans provided by UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt.:

Loan number 1. (Unicredit)

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term | 1,252 | 1,282 |
| Long-term | 13,794 | 12,512 |
| Loans / UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. | 15,046 | 13,794 |

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The Company executed a 24 million euro loan facility agreement with UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. on December 18, 2016, with 10 years maturity to finance the ongoing development in the southern area. Main collaterals provided for the bank are mortgage on real estate, revenue assignment and bank account pledge.

As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding capital amounts to 14,400 thousand euros, whose fair value was 13,794 thousand euros (calculated using market interest rates) (see details under point 14.2 below).

Loan number 2. (Unicredit)

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term | 1,460 | 1,460 |
| Long-term | 29,834 | 28,374 |
| Loans / UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. | 31,294 | 29,834 |

On November 19, 2019, the Company concluded a euro-based, 10 years to maturity loan facility agreement of 40 million euro value with UniCredit Bank in order to optimize the Company's capital structure, which has been already drawn on December 30, 2019. From the total amount of the loan 3 million euros was due on March 31, 2020. In order to fix the interest rate the new loan facility is complemented by an interest rate swap agreement (IRS) for its entire term. On December 31, 2024, the positive fair value of the IRS is 2,561 thousand euros, which is presented among the long-term financial assets (2023: 3,419 thousand euros). Till the closure of the transaction any gains or losses due to ineffectiveness are not expected.

Main collaterals provided for the bank are mortgage on real estate, revenue assignment and bank account pledge.

| Details of the hedge | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Financial asset relating to the hedge | 3,419 | 2,561 |
| Other comprehensive income relating to the hedge | (3,418) | (2,561) |
| Hedged outstanding loan liability | 31,294 | 29,933 |

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14.2 Analyses

Maturity profile of the loans:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Due within 1 year | 5,513 | 11,576 |
| Due between 1-5 years | 54,519 | 66,340 |
| Due over 5 years | 23,772 | - |
| Loans | 83,804 | 77,916 |

Fair value of the loans:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. Loan nr. 1.* | 7,906 | 6,752 |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. Loan nr. 2. | 29,558 | 27,536 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. Loan nr. 1.* | 15,046 | 13,794 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. Loan nr. 2. | 31,294 | 29,834 |
| Loans at fair value* | 83,804 | 77,916 |

* Calculated at a 2.5% market-based interest rate for the loans with preferential interest rate.

The weighted average interest rate of the loans was 1.91% as of December 31, 2024, and also as of the date of the approval of these financial statements (2023: 1.87%).

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Loans with preferential interest rate:

As part of its monetary policy instruments, National Bank of Hungary (MNB) launched its Funding for Growth Scheme (NHP) in 2013. Under NHP, the central bank provides refinancing loans at a preferential fixed interest rate of 0% with a maximum maturity of 10 years to credit institutions which the credit institutions lend further to small and medium sized enterprises with a capped interest margin. The following table shows loan liability for the loans borrowed by the Group within NHP broken down by amortized initial fair value (market rate loan liability) and amortized initial fair value difference (interest rate grant) elements as of December 31, 2023, and 2024:

| 2023 | Actual loan liability | **Fair value difference | *Fair value |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. | 8,213 | 307 | 7,906 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. | 16,000 | 954 | 15,046 |
| Loans (NHP) | 24,213 | 1,261 | 22,952 |
| 2024 | Actual loan liability | **Fair value difference | *Fair value |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. | 6,890 | 138 | 6,752 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. | 14,400 | 606 | 13,794 |
| Loans (NHP) | 21,290 | 744 | 20,546 |

* Calculated at a 2.5% market-based fixed interest rate effective at the time of concluding the loan contract.

** Fair value difference of loans with preferential interest rate (government grant received through the Funding for Growth Scheme compensating expenses) are shown at other short-term liabilities (Note 13) and other long-term liabilities (Note 16) and amortized to the profit and loss statement based on the effective interest rate method.

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15. Fair value of hedges

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ERSTE Bank Hungary Zrt. loan nr. 1. | (1,439) | (1,656) |
| ERSTE Bank Hungary Zrt. loan nr. 2. | 1,580 | 943 |
| UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. loan nr. 2. | 3,419 | 2,561 |
| Fair value of hedges | 3,560 | 1,848 |
| Of which long term financial asset | 4,999 | 3,504 |
| Of which short term liability | - | (1,656) |
| Of which long term financial liability | (1,439) | - |
| Reserve of the relating cash flow hedge | 5,727 | 4,407 |

The period end fair valuation of IRSs has been prepared by the financing banks.

16. Other long-term liabilities

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fair value difference of loans* | 751 | 288 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 751 | 288 |

* Fair value differences of loans with preferential interest rate due over one year. Details are disclosed in Note 14 (Loans).

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17. Revenue

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Property rental revenue* | 16,845 | 17,261 |
| Revenue | 16,845 | 17,261 |

*Property rental revenue consists solely of rental fees coming from the lease of real estate of Graphisoft Park.

In 2022 and in 2023, despite the Ukrainian war, the change in energy prices and the general economic conditions, there was no significant decline in the Company's revenues. Since most of the tenants in the office park are stable, research and development, innovative companies, which have been less affected by the crisis, the need for area reduction has arisen in only a few cases. At the same time, it provided an opportunity to meet the growth needs of other tenants, as well as the moving in of several new, smaller tenants. The spread of hybrid office use and increased utility fees did not negatively affect the Company's rental revenue.

Rental contracts are treated as operating lease agreements. Total payouts of minimum lease payments that can be required from these operating lease agreements over the lease term are as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Within 1 year | 16,604 | 15,959 |
| 1-2 years | 12,988 | 13,179 |
| 2-3 years | 9,836 | 10,556 |
| 3-4 years | 3,411 | 9,117 |
| 4-5 years | 2,058 | 7,628 |
| Over 5 years | 828 | 37,389 |
| | 45,725 | 93,828 |

In the second half of 2024, the Group renewed its lease agreements with two of its major tenants, SAP Hungary Kft., for an additional 10 years, and with the software company Graphisoft SE for an additional 5 years, which increased the minimum lease payments in 2024.

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18. Operating expense

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Property related expense | 145 | 170 |
| Employee related expense | 1 018 | 1,141 |
| Other operating expense | 449 | 546 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 216 | 226 |
| Operating expense | 1,828 | 2,083 |

The occupancy rate of the office park operated by the Group is high, 94% at the end of 2024 (2023: 95%), thus the amount of property related operating costs not generating rental revenue is relatively low, 56 thousand euros (2023: 44 thousand euros).

Other operating expense consists of the following items:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Office and telecommunication | 9 | 11 |
| Stock exchange fees | 55 | 63 |
| Legal and administration | 193 | 257 |
| Other | 192 | 215 |
| Other operating expense | 449 | 546 |

19. Other income (expense)

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Income from recharged construction expenses | 203 | 221 |
| Recharged construction expenses | (169) | (190) |
| Income from recharged operation expenses | 7,133 | 7,537 |
| Recharged operation expenses | (6,854) | (6,958) |
| Others | 261 | 393 |
| Other income | 574 | 1,003 |

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20. Interest income and interest expense

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Interest income | 734 | 385 |
| Interest expense on loans | (1,592) | (1,520) |
| Other interest expense | (65) | (38) |
| Net interest expense | (923) | (1,173) |

21. Other financial result

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Exchange rate gain / (loss) realized | 3 | (342) |
| Exchange rate (loss) not realized | (101) | (135) |
| Ineffective part of the hedge* | 35 | 16 |
| Other financial result | (63) | (461) |

*Ineffective part of the hedging transaction relating to loan nr. 2 provided by Erste Bank Zrt.

22. Income taxes

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Current income tax | (21) | (365) |
| Income tax (expense) | (21) | (365) |

Based on the business activity, Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft does not operate under the "SziT" regulation and therefore is subject to corporate income tax, local business tax and deferred income tax, if applicable. Applicable tax rates are as follow: corporate income tax at 9% and local business at tax 2% both in 2023 and 2024; and additional 0.3% innovation contribution in 2024.

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In the case of the innovation contribution, in December 2024, the Group performed a self-revision for the years 2019-2023 to calculate, account and settle the unpaid innovation contribution for those years. The innovation contribution rate is 0.3% of the business tax base and affects the following subsidiaries: Graphisoft Park Kft., Graphisoft Park South I. Kft., Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. and Graphisoft Park Services Kft. The amount of the innovation contribution in the affected years is as follows:

| Year | Innovation contribution |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 2019 | 40 |
| 2020 | 53 |
| 2021 | 54 |
| 2022 | 61 |
| 2023 | 63 |
| Total | 270 |

According to the Group's assessment, the amount of innovation contribution for the years 2019-2023 is not significant, and therefore the amounts relating to previous years were accounted as income tax expenses in 2024.

The effective income tax rate varied from the statutory income tax rate due to the following items:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Profit before tax | 10,183 | 17,447 |
| Tax at statutory rate | 916 | 1,570 |
| Non-taxable items | (946) | (1,592) |
| Others | 31 | 23 |
| Corporate income tax | 1 | 1 |
| Local business tax | 20 | 23 |
| Innovation contribution | - | 341 |
| Tax expense | 21 | 365 |
| Effective tax rate | 0.2% | 2.1% |

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23. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Net profit attributable to equity holders | 10,162 | 17,082 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | 10,082,598 | 10,082,598 |
| Basic earnings per share (EUR) | 1.01 | 1.69 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | 10,082,598 | 10,082,598 |
| Diluted earnings per share (EUR) | 1.01 | 1.69 |

Treasury shares possessed by the Company and employee shares are excluded when the earnings per share value is determined as described in Note 1.4 to the financial statements.

Share ownership details are disclosed in Note 1.4.

24. Treasury shares

Graphisoft Park SE treasury share details are as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Number of ordinary shares | 549,076 | 549,076 |
| Number of employee shares | 862,954 | 772,954 |
| Face value per share (EUR) | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Total face value (EUR) | 28,241 | 26,441 |
| Total value of treasury shares (at historical cost) | 981 | 979 |

As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

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25. Net asset value

Book value and fair value of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024:

| | Note | Book value | Fair value | <i>Difference</i> |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Dec 31, 2024 | Dec 31, 2024 | |
| Investment property and other tangible assets* | 9,11 | 223,959 | 230,962 | 7,003 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 33 | 33 | - |
| Current tax liabilities, net | 7 | (91) | (91) | - |
| Non-financial instruments | | 223,901 | 230,904 | 7,003 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 12,993 | 12,993 | - |
| Trade receivables | 6 | 1,571 | 1,571 | - |
| Other current assets | 8 | 2,999 | 2,999 | - |
| Long-term financial asset | 15 | 3,504 | 3,504 | - |
| Trade payables | 12 | (721) | (721) | - |
| Other short-term liabilities | 13 | (3,574) | (3,574) | - |
| Loans | 14 | (77,916) | (77,916) | - |
| Short-term financial liability | 15 | (1,656) | (1,656) | - |
| Other long-term liabilities | 16 | (288) | (288) | - |
| Financial instruments | | (63,088) | (63,088) | - |
| Net asset value | | 160,813 | 167,816 | 7,003 |

* Based on the valuation of the independent appraiser the fair value of the entire property portfolio is 230,579 thousand euros as of December 31, 2024.

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Book value and fair value of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2023:

| | Note | Book value | Fair value | Difference |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | Dec 31, 2023 | Dec 31, 2023 | |
| Investment property and other tangible assets* | 9,11 | 219,656 | 225,727 | 6,071 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 55 | 55 | - |
| Current tax liabilities, net | 7 | 162 | 162 | - |
| Non-financial instruments | | 219,873 | 225,944 | 6,071 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 14,562 | 14,562 | - |
| Trade receivables | 6 | 1,097 | 1,097 | - |
| Other current assets | 8 | 3,192 | 3,192 | - |
| Long-term financial asset | 15 | 4,999 | 4,999 | - |
| Trade payables | 12 | (726) | (726) | - |
| Other short-term liabilities | 13 | (4,846) | (4,846) | - |
| Loans | 14 | (83,804) | (83,804) | - |
| Long-term financial liability | 15 | (1,439) | (1,439) | - |
| Other long-term liabilities | 16 | (751) | (751) | - |
| Financial instruments | | (67,716) | (67,716) | - |
| Net asset value | | 152,157 | 158,228 | 6,071 |

* Based on the valuation of the independent appraiser the fair value of the entire property portfolio is 225,472 thousand euros as of December 31, 2023.

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26. Related party disclosure

Transactions with related parties:

Graphisoft Park SE did not hold interests in entities other than its consolidated subsidiaries (100%) in 2024 and 2023.

AIT-Budapest Kft., Graphisoft SE and B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. are deemed related parties of the Group in view of the following facts:

- Chairman of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft Park SE (Bojár Gábor) is Managing Director at AIT-Budapest Kft.,
- Chairman of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft Park SE (Bojár Gábor) was member of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft SE till December 31, 2023,
- Member of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft Park SE (Hornung Péter) was member of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft SE till December 31, 2023,
- Member of the Board of Directors of Graphisoft Park SE (Szigeti András) is the Chief Executive Officer of B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt.

Due to the above changes, the Group does not consider Graphisoft SE as a related party from 2024.

Total amount of transactions that have been entered into with these parties and year-end balances are as follows:

| Item | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Sales to related parties | 2,270 | 210 |
| Purchases from related parties | 1 | - |
| Receivables from related parties | 168 | 3 |
| Liabilities to related parties | 39 | - |

Transactions with the related parties were as follows in 2024 and 2023:

- AIT-Budapest Kft., Graphisoft SE and B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. leased a total office space of 7,463 m² in Graphisoft Park in 2023, while AIT-Budapest Kft. and B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. leased a total office space of 845 m² in 2024.
- Graphisoft SE provided software administration services for Graphisoft Park Kft. in 2023.

Transactions (sales to and purchases from) with the related parties are made at market prices. Office lease rent and service charges are similar to other tenants of the Group. No guarantees were provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. In 2024 and 2023, the Group has not recorded any impairment loss relating to amounts owed by related parties.

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Remuneration of the Board of Directors, compensation of key management personnel*:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Remuneration of the Board of Directors | 93 | 101 |
| Compensation of key management personnel | 495 | 541 |
| Total | 588 | 642 |

* Key management personnel: the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of Graphisoft Park SE, and the Managing Director of Graphisoft Park Services Kft.

No loans or advance payments were granted to the members of the Board of Directors or the key management personnel, and the Group did not undertake guarantees in their names. In 2023 and 2024, key management personnel received only short-term employee benefits, no other type of employee benefit occurred in the periods.

Interests of the Board of Directors and the key management personnel in Graphisoft Park SE:

| Shareholder | Shares (pc) | December 31, 2023 | | Shares (pc) | December 31, 2024 | |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | Share (%) | Voting right (%) | | Share (%) | Voting right (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 16.12 | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 15.99 |
| Bojár Gábor - Chairman of the BoD | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| Dr. Kálmán János - Member of the BoD | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES: | 1,013,213 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,103,213 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó - Member of the BoD, CFO* | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 2,802,295 | 16.83 | 25.25 | 2,892,295 | 16.83 | 25.85 |

* As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

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27. Financial risk management

Changes in market and financial conditions may significantly affect results, assets and liabilities of the Group. Financial risk management aims to limit these risks through operational and finance activities.

Market risk:

Risk relating to rental revenue:

The Group has been pursuing consistent and calculable rental pricing policies for years. Current rental prices and conditions are confirmed by the market (tenants) to be in line with the unique environment and top quality of the property. However, there is no assurance that current rental prices and conditions can be maintained in the future. After the coronavirus epidemic, the rise of the home office, the changing use of offices, as well as the changes in energy prices and inflation, the decreasing demand for leased areas and the possible non-renewal of rental contracts, represent a greater risk than before regarding the development of the rental fee. According to the Company's forecast for 2025, we expect a slight decrease in rental revenue.

| Profit for the period | December 31, 2023 | | December 31, 2024 | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Change of rental revenue | | | | |
| | 105% | 11,004 | 105% | 17,945 |
| | 100% | 10,162 | 100% | 17,082 |
| | 95% | 9,320 | 95% | 16,219 |

Risk of assets:

The Group takes out insurance against the risks of the leased properties, and tenants are required to pay deposit or give bank guarantees in advance to cover further potential risks.

Currency risk:

The Group does not run currency risk on the fulfilment of the debt service since both the predominant part of the rental revenues and the debt service are either denominated in EUR or the Group converted its HUF-based loan to EUR with a CCIRS transaction. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk to a certain extent because operating and capital expenditures are mostly due in HUF.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. To manage interest rate risk, the Group's bank loans subject to floating interest rates have been fixed with IRS deals. Conditions and balances of bank loans are disclosed in Note 14.

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Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty does not meet its payment obligations. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its leasing and financing (including deposits with banks and financial investments) activities.

Tenant receivables:

Credit risk is managed by requiring tenants to pay deposits or give bank guarantees in advance, depending on the credit quality of the tenant assessed at the time of entering into a lease agreement. Tenant receivables are regularly monitored.

Credit risk related to tenant receivables is limited due to the composition of the tenant portfolio.

Revenue from 2 tenants (SAP Hungary Kft., Graphisoft SE) exceeded 10% of the total revenue of the Group in 2024 and 2023 (separately). Revenue from these 2 tenants represented 39% and 34% of the total revenue in 2024 and in 2023, respectively.

Cash deposit and financial investments:

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial investments is managed in accordance with the Group's conservative investment policy. To limit credit risk, reserves are held in cash or low-risk securities, with substantial financial institutions.

Liquidity risk:

The Group's revenues are sufficient to cover debt service and operating costs, and therefore liquidity problems are not to be expected. Property development projects are planned together with their financing needs, and funds required to complete the projects are ensured in time.

The Group settles its payment obligations within the payment term and had no overdue payables as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The two tables below summarize the maturity profile of financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

| December 31, 2024 | Overdue | Due within 1 year | Due between 1-5 years | Due over 5 years | Total |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Loans* | - | 13,446 | 70,090 | - | 83,536 |
| Trade payables | - | 721 | - | - | 721 |
| Other liabilities | - | 4,774 | - | - | 4,774 |
| Financial liabilities | - | 18,941 | 70,090 | - | 89,031 |

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| December 31, 2023 | Overdue | Due within 1 year | Due between 1-5 years | Due over 5 years | Total |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Loans* | - | 7,539 | 59,689 | 24,231 | 91,459 |
| Trade payables | - | 726 | - | - | 726 |
| Other liabilities | - | 4,336 | 1,439 | - | 5,775 |
| Financial liabilities | - | 12,601 | 61,128 | 24,231 | 97,960 |

* Capital plus interest calculated for the fixed interest period of the loan.

28. Financing cash-flow

The table below provides a reconciliation between the liabilities arising from financial activities in the balance sheet and elements of the financing activities of the cash-flow.

| December 31, 2024 | Opening balance | Increase | Settlement by cash | Change by non-cash | Closing balance |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Loan liabilities | 83,804 | - | (6,038) | 150 | 77,916 |
| Dividend liability | - | 7,058 | (7,058) | - | - |
| Total | 83,804 | 7,058 | (13,096) | 150 | 77,916 |

| December 31, 2023 | Opening balance | Increase | Settlement by cash | Change by non-cash | Closing balance |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Loan liabilities | 88,843 | - | (5,934) | 895 | 83,804 |
| Dividend liability | - | 5,434 | (5,434) | - | - |
| Total | 88,843 | 5,434 | (11,368) | 895 | 83,804 |

29. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The management proposes to the owners to approve dividend payments or adopt other changes in the equity capital in order to optimize the capital structure of the Group. This can be achieved primarily by adjusting the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, or alternatively, by returning capital to shareholders by capital reductions, selling or buying own shares.

Consistent with others in the industry, the management monitors capital structure based on the debt service cover ratio (DSCR) and the loan-to-value ratio (LTV). DSCR is calculated as cash available for debt service (rental revenues less operating and other costs) divided by debt service (capital plus interest), while LTV is calculated as the ratio between the sum financial indebtedness and the market value of the property. The objective of the Group is to keep DSCR above 1.25 and LTV below 0.60 (in line with the requirements of the existing loan agreements).

30. Remediation of the northern development area

Due to the prior gasification activity the northern development area is still contaminated. The rehabilitation of this area is the duty of the polluter Capital City Gas Works (currently MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt.).

The decision to impose a remediation obligation was finally made in 2015, after nearly 20 years of delay. In its decision dated June 29, 2015, file number PE/KTF/1096-39/2015, the Érdi District Office of the Pest County Government Office, as the environmental protection authority, obliged Fővárosi Gázművek Zrt. to remediate the damage in two phases; in the first phase essentially regarding the geological medium (soil exchange and removal) and in the second phase regarding the groundwater. The decision stipulated a deadline of November 30, 2017 for the implementation of the first phase, while the deadline for the second phase was April 30, 2019. The obligor did not start the actual remediation within the time specified for completion but carried out internal administrative preparatory activities. The obligor requested an extension of the deadline several times, which it received in turn.

A deadline extension granted in 2018 was challenged by Graphisoft Park in administrative court proceedings, which it won in court, however, after the decision made on December 12, 2019, the Pest County Government Office conducted new proceedings. In the resolution dated April 30, 2020, the Pest County Government Office stated new deadlines of May 31, 2021, and September 30, 2022.

Government Decree nr. 286/2021 (V. 27.) on the establishment of rules related to certain administrative authority procedures was published under the epidemiological and emergency regulations on May 27, 2021. Pursuant to Section 1 of the Government Decree in force between May 28, 2021, and June 24, 2021, the polluter became entitled to request an extension of the deadline for remediation from the environmental authority, which was obliged to grant the extension. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. submitted the relevant request, which was approved by the authority and the decree ruled out the possibility of an appeal, so the current deadline for carrying out remediation and submitting the final documentation was December 31, 2022.

We requested information from MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. about its implementation plans related to the said deadline, to which we received the following information in response. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. still has the necessary permits to call for the construction tender and start construction, and has prepared the necessary documentation for the tender, however, despite its best intentions, it cannot make any responsible statement about the expected completion date of the remediation.

On December 23, 2022, Government Decree of 566/2022 (XII. 23) was published, which deals with the establishment of rules related to certain administrative authority procedures. On the basis of this decree, the legal entity obliged to remediate became entitled to request an extension of the remediation deadline from the environmental protection authority. If the application was submitted, the authority was obliged again to grant the deadline extension. MVM Next Energiakereskedelmi Zrt., which is obliged to remediate the damage, submitted its request for this on December 27, 2022, which was granted by the authority on December 28, 2022. The decree ruled out the

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

possibility of an appeal, so the currently valid new deadline for carrying out the remediation and submitting the final documentation would have been December 31, 2024, and the deadline for the remediation of certain sub-areas and for sub-surface water would have been April 30, 2026.

However, as of November 19, 2024, the legal environment regarding remediation has changed again, and the legal amendment that entered into force requires a so-called mandatory review for remediation that has not started within 5 years. During the mandatory review, a new, so-called "revised intervention plan" is prepared and thus the deadline for remediation is amended again. The review is ordered by the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs. Accordingly, based on the decision of the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy dated December 20, 2024, the deadline for submitting a new, revised intervention plan to be prepared by MVM Energiakereskedelmi Zrt. is December 31, 2026. During the review period, the implementation of the previous intervention plan cannot be started.

Currently, based on the above changes, the expected new deadline for completing the remediation cannot be determined; the preparation of the new, revised intervention plan itself means a 2-year extension and the actual remediation can only begin after its approval.

It should be noted that the repeated modification of the deadlines for completing the remediation, detailed above, always occurred immediately before the deadlines expired, but no substantive remediation ever began before these deadlines.

On January 21, 2025, the Company initiated a judicial review procedure, known as an administrative lawsuit, against the decision of December 20, 2024, which abolished the deadline for remediation. The defendant in the procedure is the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy. According to the Company's position, the decision violates the Constitution, and the rule of law norms were not applied during the decision-making process.

Graphisoft Park still considers the actual start and completion date of the remediation to be uncertain, and the Company still does not see it possible to start any substantial developments in the northern development area within the foreseeable future.

31. Approval of financial statements, dividend

On April 29, 2024, the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE approved the 2023 consolidated financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) showing a balance sheet total of 244,123 thousand euros and a profit for the year of 10,162 thousand euros. Together with the approval of the consolidated financial statements for issue, the AGM approved dividend distribution of 0.70 euro per ordinary share, 7,058 thousand euros in total, and in total 386 thousand euros on employee shares. The starting date for dividend payments was May 21, 2024. The Company paid out the dividends to the shareholders identified by shareholder's registration as of May 6, 2024.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in thousands of euros unless otherwise indicated)

32. Events after the balance sheet date

Proposed dividend by the Board

The annual financial statements of the Company for the year 2024 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2025. The Board proposes dividend distribution of 0.71 euro per ordinary share, 7,159 thousand euros in total to be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE of April 29, 2025. The Board also proposes 0.355 euros dividend per share for employee shares. The Annual General Meeting has the power to amend the annual financial statements.

Initiation of administrative lawsuit

On January 21, 2025, the Company initiated a judicial review procedure, known as an administrative lawsuit, against the decision of December 20, 2024, which abolished the deadline for remediation. The defendant in the procedure is the Deputy State Secretary responsible for Environmental Regulatory Affairs of the Ministry of Energy. According to the Company's position, the decision violates the Constitution, and the rule of law norms were not applied during the decision-making process.

Employee share transaction

On March 20, 2025, 60,000 employee shares were issued to Fekete Csaba, Operations Director.

33. Additional presentations according to the Hungarian Accounting Law

Persons responsible for signing and preparing the financial statements:

The person authorized and required to sign the Company's financial statements is as follow:

Name: Kocsány János
Position: Chief Executive Officer
Address: H-1038 Budapest, Ékszer utca 4.

The person responsible for supervising transactional accounting and preparation of financial statements according to IFRS:

Name: Bodócsy Ágnes
Registration number: MKVK-007117

Statutory auditor and audit fees:

The Company is subject to statutory audit. The Company's auditor is Ernst & Young Könyvvizsgáló Kft. (address: H-1132 Budapest, Váci út 20.). The person responsible for signing the audit report:

Name: Domszlai Rita
Registration number: MKVK-007371

The audit fee for the Company's stand alone and consolidated financial statements is 17,910 euros, the interim and final audit fee for the subsidiaries was 41,380 euros as of December 31, 2024. Audit related fees amounted to 6,650 euros for 2024. Non-audit fees totaled 4,500 euros in 2024.

34. Declarations

Forward-looking statements - This Annual Report contains forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

Statement of responsibility - We declare that the Consolidated Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and to the best of our knowledge, give a true and fair view of the statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of Graphisoft Park SE and its undertakings included in the consolidation, and the Business Report gives a fair view of the position, development and performance of Graphisoft Park SE and its undertakings included in the consolidation, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties of its business.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE PARENT COMPANY ANNUAL REPORT 2024



THIS IS THE TRANSLATION OF THE HUNGARIAN REPORT

GRAPHISOFT PARK





Business Report

Overview

Graphisoft Park SE (the “Company”) carries out its real estate development, leasing and operation activity, being the sole activity of the Graphisoft Park group, via its subsidiaries specialized in real estate development and operation. The detailed description of the business activities of Graphisoft Park Group is presented in the consolidated financial statements of Graphisoft Park SE.

Graphisoft Park SE had the following individual activity during 2024 and 2023:

- Revenues from dividends from the subsidiaries.

Events in 2023

The Company has five fully owned subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024, as set out below:

| | Ownership / Voting right (%) | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 100 | 1,720,039 | 1,720,039 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 100 | 7,849,863 | 7,849,863 |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | 100 | 1,009,449 | 1,350,449 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | 100 | 198,566 | 280,234 |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | 100 | 289,350 | 289,350 |
| Investment value (EUR) | | 11,067,267 | 11,489,935 |

The Company recognized revenues from dividends from its subsidiaries in amount of 8,196,971 euros in 2024 (6,254,733 euros in 2023).

Plans for 2025

Graphisoft Park SE will continue solely generating revenues from dividends paid by its subsidiaries.

We have not identified any significant factors of risk or uncertainty that could have a substantial impact on the business processes of the Company.



General information

Graphisoft Park SE

Graphisoft Park SE Real Estate Development European Company Limited by Shares (the "Company" or "Graphisoft Park SE") is incorporated under the laws of Hungary. The court registration number of Graphisoft Park SE is CG 01-20-000002. The registered address of the Company is H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7, Hungary; its website is www.graphisoftpark.com.

Corporate Governance

Public companies are increasingly expected to state clearly their corporate governance principles and to what extent those principles are implemented. As a company listed on the Budapest Stock Exchange (BSE), we are highly committed to meeting these expectations and legal and stock exchange requirements (publicly available at BSE website: bse.hu).

The Statutes of Graphisoft Park SE provides as governing bodies the general meeting of shareholders and the Board of Directors (single-tier system). Under the single-tier system, the SE is managed by the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors have the power to represent the company in dealings with third parties. Under the single-tier system the Board of Directors may delegate the power of management to one or more of its members. The independent members of the Board of Directors form the Audit Committee.

General Meeting

The General Meeting is the principal body of the Company, which comprises all the shareholders. The following activities shall fall within the exclusive authority of the General Meeting (inter alia, see details in the Articles of Association):

- Decision on the establishment of, and amendment to these Articles, unless otherwise provided by the Civil Code;
- Electing and dismissing the members and chairman of the Board of Directors, the auditor, and determining their remuneration, including their service as members of the committees of the Board of Directors.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (BoD) is responsible for the Company's management and decides on matters other than those that must be determined by shareholders. The Board of Directors is required to report annually to the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the shareholders.

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors consists of a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 11 members elected at the annual general meeting of the shareholders for a term not to exceed 5 years. Till April 28, 2023, Graphisoft Park SE operated with 6 members, from then on 7 members of Board.

Meetings of the Board of Directors are held at least four times a year. Meetings of the Board of Directors require the presence of major for a quorum. Each member has one vote. The Board of Directors passes resolutions by simple majority vote.

Members of the Board of Directors:



| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| Bojár Gábor | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Kálmán János | Member | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Kocsány János | Member | April 28, 2011 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Szigeti András | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |
| Farkas Ildikó | Member | April 28, 2023 | May 31, 2026 |

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists in the appointment of independent auditors to be elected by the annual general meeting and reviews the scope of external audit services. It must pre-approve all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the external auditor.

The Audit Committee also reviews the annual financial statements of Graphisoft Park, taking into account the results of the audits and reviews performed by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee also reviews financial reports submitted to the stock exchanges, banks and regulatory bodies.

Audit Committee members are appointed from the independent members of the Board of Directors by the general meeting of the company.

Members of the Audit Committee:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| Dr. Kálmán János | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |



Stock information

Graphisoft Park SE's share capital consists of 10,631,674 class "A" ordinary shares of 0.02 euro face value, each representing equal and identical rights, and 1,876,167 class "B" employee shares of 0.02 euro face value. Ordinary shares of the Company are publicly traded at Budapest Stock Exchange from August 28, 2006. The share ownership structure is the following according to the Company's shareholder records:

| Shareholder | December 31, 2023 | | | December 31, 2024 | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.87 | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.14 |
| Directors and management | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 16.12 | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 15.99 |
| Bojár Gábor - Chairman of the BoD | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| Dr. Kálmán János - Member of the BoD | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| Shareholders over 5% share | 2,960,406 | 27.85 | 26.68 | 2,759,759 | 25.96 | 24.67 |
| HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. (5) | 735,386 | 6.92 | 6.63 | 1,259,759 | 11.85 | 11.26 |
| VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt. (4) | 725,020 | 6.82 | 6.53 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.52 | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.41 |
| Other shareholders | 5,333,110 | 50.16 | 48.06 | 5,533,757 | 52.05 | 49.48 |
| Treasury shares (1) | 549,076 | 5.16 | - | 549,076 | 5.16 | - |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES (2): | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó - Member of the BoD, CFO (3) | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| Employee treasury shares (1) | 862,954 | n/a | - | 772,954 | n/a | - |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(1) Treasury shares possessed by the Company do not pay dividend and bear no voting rights.

(2) Class „B” employee shares are not marketable, connected to employment, may be withdrawn by the Board of Directors at any time, have no voting rights in decisions that require qualified majority and bear reduced rights to dividend at the proportion of fifty percent of their face value. In the financial statements of the Company these payments are accounted as employee related expense instead of dividend.

(3) As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

(4) Based on the notice sent by VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt (previously known as AEGON Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt) on February 22, 2024, its share in the Company was reduced to less than 5%.

(5) Based on the notice sent by HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. on June 28, 2024, its share in the Company increased to over 10%.

**Human resources**

We ensure the continuous development of our employees; in addition we pay particular attention to special labor safety prescriptions.

Diversity policy

Graphisoft Park SE prohibits discrimination against any person based on gender identity, age, disability, race or ethnicity, gender preferences and religion and will not tolerate any form of discrimination in the workplace. The Holding is committed to provide a working environment free from discrimination and equal opportunities to all of its employees, with regards to its cultural and legal environment.

The Company will designate its managing officers and persons responsible for controlling its operation in accordance with its policies and commitments. The Company is committed to promoting and endeavors to achieve the highest level of diversity through the consistent practical implementation of its HR policies.

Environment protection

Based on the activity of the Company it has no environmental risks or liabilities.

Events after the balance sheet date*Proposed dividend by the Board*

The annual financial statements of the Company for the year 2024 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2025. The Board proposes dividend distribution of 0.71 euro per ordinary share, 7,158,645 euros in total to be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE of April 29, 2025. The Board also proposes 0.355 euros dividend per share for employee shares. The Annual General Meeting has the power to amend the annual financial statements.

Employee share transaction

On March 20, 2025, 60,000 employee shares were issued to Fekete Csaba, Operations Director.



Forward-looking statements - The forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report involve inherent risks and uncertainties, may be determined by additional factors, other than the ones mentioned above, therefore the actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forecast.

Statement of responsibility - We declare that the attached Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and to the best of our knowledge, give a true and fair view of the statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of Graphisoft Park SE, and the Business Report gives a fair view of the position, development and performance of Graphisoft Park SE, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties of its business.

Budapest, March 26, 2024

Kocsány János
Chief Executive Officer



GRAPHISOFT PARK SE

PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 2024

in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

(audited)

Budapest, March 26, 2025

Kocsány János
Chief Executive Officer

Farkas Ildikó
Chief Financial Officer

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

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GRAPHISOFT PARK SE**BALANCE SHEET**

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

(all amounts in EUR unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 422,172 | 335,799 |
| Current tax receivable | 6 | 20,514 | 30,007 |
| Other current assets | 7 | 17,428 | 7,770 |
| Current assets | | 460,114 | 373,576 |
| Intangible assets | 8 | 6,084 | - |
| Property (right-of-use asset) | 9 | 18,668 | 15,274 |
| Plant and equipment | 10 | 274 | 649 |
| Investments | 11 | 11,067,267 | 11,489,935 |
| Non-current assets | | 11,092,293 | 11,505,858 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 11,552,407 | 11,879,434 |
| Trade payables | 12 | 14,238 | 24,180 |
| Payables due to related parties | 13 | 13,771 | 52,349 |
| Lease liabilities | 9 | 4,273 | 4,358 |
| Other short-term liabilities | 14 | 26,289 | 19,541 |
| Current liabilities | | 58,571 | 100,428 |
| Long-term lease liabilities | 9 | 11,425 | 7,067 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 11,425 | 7,067 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 69,996 | 107,495 |
| Share capital | 1.3 | 250,157 | 250,157 |
| Retained earnings | | 12,213,527 | 12,501,255 |
| Treasury shares | 20 | (981,273) | (979,473) |
| Shareholders' equity | | 11,482,411 | 11,771,939 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY | | 11,552,407 | 11,879,434 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in EUR unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Dividend | | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |
| Revenue | 15 | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |
| Employee related expense | | (479,848) | (532,549) |
| Operating expense | | (289,314) | (342,758) |
| Depreciation | | (5,811) | (5,929) |
| Operating expense | 16 | (774,973) | (881,236) |
| Other income | | 212 | (3,923) |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 5,479,972 | 7,311,812 |
| Interest income | | 80,328 | 54,390 |
| Interest expense | | (458) | (314) |
| Exchange rate difference | | (9,663) | (18,541) |
| Financial result | 17 | 70,207 | 35,535 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| Income tax expense | 18 | - | - |
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| Attributable to equity holders of the parent | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
 (all amounts in EUR unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Profit for the year | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| Attributable to equity holders of the parent | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in EUR unless otherwise indicated)

| | Share capital | Retained earnings | Treasury shares* | Total Equity |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| January 1, 2023 | 250,157 | 12,101,089 | (972,335) | 11,378,911 |
| Profit for the period | - | 5,550,179 | - | 5,550,179 |
| Treasury share purchase | - | - | (13,138) | (13,138) |
| Treasury share transfer | - | (4,200) | 4,200 | - |
| Dividend | - | (5,433,541) | - | (5,433,541) |
| December 31, 2023 | 250,157 | 12,213,527 | (981,273) | 11,482,411 |
| Profit for the period | - | 7,347,347 | - | 7,347,347 |
| Treasury share transfer | - | (1,800) | 1,800 | - |
| Dividend** | - | (7,057,819) | - | (7,057,819) |
| December 31, 2024 | 250,157 | 12,501,255 | (979,473) | 11,771,939 |

* Treasury share details are disclosed in Note 20.

** Dividend details are disclosed in Note 27.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

GRAPHISOFT PARK SE
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024
(all amounts in EUR unless otherwise indicated)

| | Notes | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Profit before tax | | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| Depreciation | 8, 9, 10, 16 | 5,811 | 5,929 |
| Scrapping of intangibles | 8 | - | 3,924 |
| Interest income | 17 | (80,328) | (54,390) |
| Interest expense | 17 | 458 | 314 |
| Unrealized foreign exchange (gains) | 17 | (450) | - |
| Changes in working capital: | | | |
| (Increase) / decrease in receivables and other current assets | 6, 7, 22 | (16,677) | 165 |
| (Decrease) / increase in payables and accruals | 12, 13, 14 | (2,579) | 44,465 |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 5,456,414 | 7,347,754 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchase of tangible assets | 8 | - | (751) |
| Capital increase in a subsidiary | 11 | (91,148) | (422,668) |
| Interest received | 17 | 80,328 | 54,390 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (10,820) | (369,029) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities | 9, 25 | (4,190) | (4,273) |
| Interest paid | 17 | (458) | (314) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | 20 | (13,138) | - |
| Dividend paid | 25, 27 | (5,433,541) | (7,057,819) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (5,451,327) | (7,062,406) |
| (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (5,733) | (83,681) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 420,133 | 422,172 |
| Exchange rate gain / (loss) on cash and cash equivalents | | 7,772 | (2,692) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | | 422,172 | 335,799 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

1. General information

1.1. Graphisoft Park SE

Graphisoft Park SE Real Estate Development European Company Limited by Shares (the "Company" or "Graphisoft Park SE") is incorporated under the laws of Hungary. The court registration number of Graphisoft Park SE is CG 01-20-000002. The registered address of the Company is H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7, Hungary; its website is www.graphisoftpark.hu.

Graphisoft Park SE was established through a demerger from Graphisoft SE on August 21, 2006. The purpose of the restructuring was to spin off a new company, dedicated to real estate development and management. Graphisoft Park operates as a holding having five 100% owned subsidiaries.

Average headcount of the Company was 2 in 2024 (2023:3).

1.2. Regulated real estate investment company

From January 1, 2018, Graphisoft Park SE and its subsidiaries (except for Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft.) operate as regulated real estate investment company and project company respectively.

The designation of the regulated real estate investment company (SZIT) as a company form for doing business was introduced by the Act 102 of 2011. Regulated real estate investment companies (SZIT) are public companies limited by shares that fulfill the requirements of the governing law (Act 102 of 2011 on regulated real estate investment companies) and are therefore eligible for registration with the national tax authority as SZIT and are registered as such upon request from the company, which entitles them to certain tax benefits.

The main requirements of acquiring the SZIT designation are as follow (for the complete list and details see Act 102 of 2011):

- (a) the company's business activities are restricted to a number of real estate related activities (buying and selling/renting/operating of own real estate, management of real estate, facilities support activities, asset management),
- (b) the company is not under voluntary or court ordered winding-up, termination or bankruptcy proceedings,
- (c) proposes dividend at least at the amount of 90% (project companies 100%) of its results, or if the company's liquid funds are less than that, then the company shall pay 90% (project companies 100%) of its liquid funds in dividends, unless a loan agreement concluded with a credit institution restricts such payments,
- (d) the company owns no shares in other businesses other than in its own project companies (subsidiaries), in different regulated real estate investment companies (maximum 10% share ownership) and in companies organizing construction projects,
- (e) the direct and combined voting rights of credit institutions and insurance companies are limited to 10% of all voting rights within the company,
- (f) it has at least 5 billion HUF (consolidated) initial capital,
- (g) it is publicly listed and issues only ordinary and employee shares,
- (h) at least 25% of the total number of shares is owned by shareholders, of whom no individual shareholder owns – directly or indirectly – more than 5% of the total number of shares.

There are further requirements in the regulation concerning the company's asset-portfolio and operations that are pre-requisites of applying for the SZIT designation.

The tax benefits of the SZIT designations are as follow (for details see Act 102 of 2011 and the tax laws concerned):

- exemption from corporate income tax,
- exemption from local business tax,
- preferential (2%) property acquisition duty rate.

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1.3. Stock information

Graphisoft Park SE's share capital consists of 10,631,674 class "A" ordinary shares of 0.02 euro face value, each representing equal and identical rights, and 1,876,167 class "B" employee shares of 0.02 euro face value. The share capital has been fully paid. Ordinary shares of the Company are publicly traded at Budapest Stock Exchange from August 28, 2006. The share ownership structure is the following according to the Company's shareholder records:

| Shareholder | December 31, 2023 | | | December 31, 2024 | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) | Shares (pcs) | Share (%) | Voting right (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.87 | 10,631,674 | 100.00 | 90.14 |
| Directors and management | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 16.12 | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 15.99 |
| Bojár Gábor - Chairman of the BoD | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| Dr. Kálmán János - Member of the BoD | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| Shareholders over 5% share | 2,960,406 | 27.85 | 26.68 | 2,759,759 | 25.96 | 24.67 |
| HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. (5) | 735,386 | 6.92 | 6.63 | 1,259,759 | 11.85 | 11.26 |
| VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt. (4) | 725,020 | 6.82 | 6.53 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| B.N.B.A. Holding Zrt. | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.52 | 1,500,000 | 14.11 | 13.41 |
| Other shareholders | 5,333,110 | 50.16 | 48.06 | 5,533,757 | 52.05 | 49.48 |
| Treasury shares (1) | 549,076 | 5.16 | - | 549,076 | 5.16 | - |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES (2): | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,876,167 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó - Member of the BoD, CFO (3) | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| Employee treasury shares (1) | 862,954 | n/a | - | 772,954 | n/a | - |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 12,507,841 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(1) Treasury shares possessed by the Company do not pay dividend and bear no voting rights.

(2) Class „B” employee shares are not marketable, connected to employment, may be withdrawn by the Board of Directors at any time, have no voting rights in decisions that require qualified majority and bear reduced rights to dividend at the proportion of fifty percent of their face value. In the financial statements of the Company these payments are accounted as employee related expense instead of dividend.

(3) As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

(4) Based on the notice sent by VIG Befektetési Alapkezelő Magyarország Zrt (previously known as AEGON Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt) on February 22, 2024, its share in the Company was reduced to less than 5%.

(5) Based on the notice sent by HOLD Alapkezelő Zrt. on June 28, 2024, its share in the Company increased to over 10%.

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1.4. Corporate Governance

Public companies are increasingly expected to state clearly their corporate governance principles and to what extent those principles are implemented. As a company listed on the Budapest Stock Exchange (BSE), we are highly committed to meeting these expectations and legal and stock exchange requirements (publicly available at BSE website: bse.hu).

The Statutes of Graphisoft Park SE provides as governing bodies the general meeting of shareholders and the Board of Directors (single-tier system). Under the single-tier system, the SE is managed by the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors have the power to represent the company in dealings with third parties. Under the single-tier system the Board of Directors may delegate the power of management to one or more of its members. The independent members of the Board of Directors form the Audit Committee.

General Meeting

The General Meeting is the principal body of the Company, which comprises all the shareholders. The following activities shall fall within the exclusive authority of the General Meeting (inter alia, see details in the Articles of Association):

- Decision on the establishment of, and amendment to these Articles, unless otherwise provided by the [Civil Code](#);
- Electing and dismissing the members and chairman of the Board of Directors, the auditor, and determining their remuneration, including their service as members of the committees of the Board of Directors.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for the Company's management and decides on matters other than those that must be determined by shareholders. The Board of Directors is required to report annually to the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the shareholders.

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors consists of a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 11 members elected at the annual general meeting of the shareholders for a term not to exceed of 5 years. Till April 28, 2023, Graphisoft Park SE operated with 6 members, from then on 7 members of Board.

Meetings of the Board of Directors are held at least four times a year. Meetings of the Board of Directors require the presence of major for a quorum. Each member has one vote. The Board of Directors passes resolutions by simple majority vote.

Members of the Board of Directors:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Bojár Gábor | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Kálmán János | Member | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Kocsány János | Member | April 28, 2011 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Szigeti András | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |
| Farkas Ildikó | Member | April 28, 2023 | May 31, 2026 |

Audit Committee

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The Audit Committee assists in the appointment of independent auditors to be elected by the annual general meeting and reviews the scope of external audit services. It must pre-approve all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the external auditor.

The Audit Committee also reviews the annual financial statements of Graphisoft Park SE, taking into account the results of the audits and reviews performed by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee also reviews financial reports submitted to the stock exchanges, banks and regulatory bodies.

Audit Committee members are appointed from the independent members of the Board of Directors by the general meeting of the company.

Members of the Audit Committee:

| Name | Position | From | Until |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Dr. Kálmán János | Chairman | August 21, 2006 | May 31, 2026 |
| Dr. Martin-Hajdu György | Member | July 21, 2014 | May 31, 2026 |
| Hornung Péter | Member | April 20, 2017 | May 31, 2026 |

2. Accounting policies

2.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Graphisoft Park SE have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU). All standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) effective at the time of preparing the financial statements and applicable to Graphisoft Park SE have been adopted by the EU. Therefore, the financial statements currently also comply with IFRS as issued by the IASB and also comply with the Hungarian Accounting Law on financial statements, which refers to IFRS as adopted by the EU. The financial year is the same as the calendar year.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the measurement and presentation basis applied in IFRS.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

2.2. Changes in accounting policies

Adoption of new or modified standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following new or amended IFRSs and interpretations which have been adopted by the Company as of January 1, 2024:

A) Amendments to IAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current: In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement;
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right;
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

In addition, a requirement has been introduced to require disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months.

The amendments had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

B) Supplier Finance Arrangements - Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7: In May 2023, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The amendments had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

C) Amendments to IFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback: In September 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 16 to specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains.

The amendments had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

2.3. Foreign currency translations

Functional and presentation currency:

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"), which is the euro (EUR), unless otherwise indicated, which is also the Company's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of these transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the income statement.

2.4. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when: (1) it is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle; (2) held primarily for the purpose of trading; (3) expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or (4) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: (1) it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle; (2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading; (3) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or (4) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank, short-term bank deposits with less than three months to maturity and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.6. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables (including accruals) are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The carrying values of trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturity.

2.7. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the income statement.

The initial cost of assets comprises its purchase price, including duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use, such as borrowing costs.

Replacements and improvements, which prolong the useful life or significantly improve the condition of the asset are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. General depreciation rules are stated as follows:

| Type of asset | Depreciation |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Machinery and equipment | 3-7 years |
| Office equipment | 3-7 years |
| Vehicles | 5 years - 20% residual value |

The useful life and depreciation methods are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of tangible assets.

2.8. Investments in subsidiaries

In the separate financial statements investments in subsidiaries are presented at cost under IAS 27. Cost at initial recognition is the amount paid in cash or cash equivalent, or the fair value of other consideration given by the purchaser. Cost includes those costs which are directly attributable to the acquisition.

In case of investments paid in foreign currency: (a) if the consideration is paid before acquiring the owner's rights, cost is the amount calculated by applying the official foreign currency rate of the Hungarian National Bank (MNB) on the day of the bank transfer; (b) if the consideration is paid after acquiring the owner's rights, cost is the amount calculated by applying the official foreign currency rate of MNB on the day of the transfer of the owner's right. There is no subsequent revaluation of investments paid in foreign currency due to foreign exchange rate changes.

Investments in subsidiaries are subject to impairment test when indicator of potential impairment exists. When an external or internal indicator of impairment exists, recoverable amount should be determined and compared with net investment. If the recoverable amount is materially or permanently lower than the net investment, impairment should be recorded. If the recoverable amount is materially or permanently higher than the net investment,

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impairment reversal should be recorded. The net recoverable amount is the present value of future cash flows of the investment proportioned based on ownership.

2.9. Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains lease elements, is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date as to whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment after inception of the lease is possible only if one of the following applies:

- a) there is a change in contractual terms, other than renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- b) a renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- c) there is a change in determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specific asset; or
- d) there is a substantial change to the asset.

Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c) or (d) and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

Company as a lessee:

Upon lease commencement a right-of-use asset and a lease liability is recognized (exceptions: leases with lease term with 12 months or less; leases where the underlying asset has a small value). The right-of-use asset is initially recognized at the amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. Adjustments may also be required for lease incentives, payments at or prior to commencement and restoration obligations or similar.

After lease commencement the right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model (cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment).

The lease liability is initially recognized at present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term discounted at the rate implicit in the lease if that can be readily determined, otherwise the Company's incremental borrowing rate shall be used.

The lease liability is subsequently re-measured to reflect changes in:

- the lease term (using a revised discount rate);
- the assessment of a purchase option (using a revised discount rate);
- the amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees (using an unchanged discount rate); or
- future lease payment resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments (using an unchanged discount rate).

The re-measurements are treated as adjustments to right-of-use asset.

2.10. Impairment of assets

Assets that are subject to amortization or depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The calculations of recoverable amounts are primarily determined by value in use calculations, which use a broad range of estimates and factors affecting those. Among others, the Company typically considers future revenues and expenses, technological obsolescence, discontinuance of services and other changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment. The recoverable amount is the higher of the assets' fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years.

2.11. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will occur in order to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured and recorded as the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

2.12. Pensions

The Company, in the normal course of business, makes fixed contributions into the Hungarian State pension fund on behalf of its employees. The Company does not operate any other pension scheme or post-retirement benefit plan, and consequently, has no legal or constructive obligation to make further contributions if the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

2.13. Revenue recognition

Dividends:

Revenue is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Interest income:

Revenue is recognized as interest accrues (using the effective interest method). Interest income is included in financial results in the income statement.

2.14. Treasury shares

Treasury stock represents the cost of shares repurchased (recorded individually per purchase) and is displayed as a reduction of shareholder's equity. Premiums and discounts on repurchase and subsequent disposal are credited and debited respectively directly to retained earnings.

2.15. Employee shares

Payouts related to employee shares (reduced rate dividend payments) are shown under employee related expenses in the statement of income in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

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2.16. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated considering the weighted average number of diluting share options (if any) in addition to the number of ordinary shares outstanding.

2.17. Dividend

Dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recorded as a liability and debited against equity in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

2.18. Operating profit

Operating profit is defined as revenues less operating expenses and other expense.

2.19. Segment information

For management purposes the Company comprises a single operational (business and geographical) segment. For this reason, the financial statements contain no segment information.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are outlined below.

3.1. Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Impairment assessment of investments in subsidiaries is based on estimates and assumptions, such as future cash flows, discount factors and the actual results may be significantly different from the results of these estimates, especially in case of start-up entities.

3.2. Provisions

Provisions in general are highly judgmental, especially in case of legal disputes. The Company assesses the probability of an adverse event as a result of a past event and if the probability of an outflow of economic benefits is evaluated to be more probable than not, the Company fully provides for the total amount of the estimated liability.

3.3. Effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and the increasing energy prices

The coronavirus outbreak was first reported near the end of 2019. The virus has significantly impacted the world economy. In addition, starting from 2021 but mainly in the second half of 2022, as a result of the Ukrainian war and other factors, energy prices started to increase significantly. The Company assessed the effects or potential effects of the pandemic and the rising energy prices to the Financial Statements. In addition, the Company constantly monitors the possible further effects of the war. With the recent developments of the pandemic and the increase of the energy prices, there are both external and internal sources of information, such as the fall in stock and commodity prices, decrease in market interest rates, manufacturing plant shutdowns, shop closures, reduced demand and selling prices for goods and services, etc., indicating that an asset may be impaired. Effects (in any) of the Covid-19 pandemic and the increasing energy prices regarding investments are disclosed in Note 11.

4. Standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

A) Amendments to IAS 21: Lack of exchangeability: The amendment to IAS 21 specifies how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking.

The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

B) IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements: In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. Furthermore, entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, of which the first three are new.

It also requires disclosure of newly defined management-defined performance measures, subtotals of income and expenses, and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified 'roles' of the primary financial statements (PFS) and the notes.

In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, which include changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method, from 'profit or loss' to 'operating profit or loss' and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. In addition, there are consequential amendments to several other standards.

The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Company is currently working to identify all impacts the amendments will have on the primary financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

C) IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures: In May 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 19, which allows eligible entities to elect to apply its reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. To be eligible, at the end of the reporting period, an entity must be a subsidiary as defined in IFRS 10, cannot have public accountability and must have a parent (ultimate or intermediate) that prepares consolidated financial statements, available for public use, which comply with IFRS accounting standards.

The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. Graphisoft Park SE is not eligible to elect to apply IFRS 19, as its equity instruments are publicly traded.

D) Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7: Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments: In 2022, the IASB concluded its post-implementation review of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. In general, the IASB found that preparers can apply the requirements consistently. However, the IASB identified some requirements that would benefit from clarification to improve their understandability. Amendments cover aspects of (1) derecognition of a financial liability settled through electronic transfer, (2) classification of financial assets and (3) certain disclosure requirements.

The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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5. Cash and cash equivalents

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash at banks | 422,172 | 335,799 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 422,172 | 335,799 |

6. Current tax receivables

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Value Added Tax receivable | 20,514 | 30,007 |
| Current tax receivable | 20,514 | 30,007 |

7. Other current assets

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Deferred expense | 17,428 | 7,770 |
| Other current assets | 17,428 | 7,770 |

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8. Intangible assets

The table shows movements of intangible assets:

| | Software |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Net value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 8,244 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 10,800 |
| December 31, 2023 | 10,800 |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 2,556 |
| Additions | 2,160 |
| December 31, 2023 | 4,716 |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2023 | 6,084 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 10,800 |
| Scrapping | (10,800) |
| December 31, 2024 | - |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 4,716 |
| Additions | 2,160 |
| Scrapping | (6,876) |
| December 31, 2024 | - |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2024 | - |

The Company owns only purchased intangible assets; amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are 3-7 years.

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9. Property (right-of-use asset)

The table shows movements of property (right-of-use asset), which relates to the office rental contract, which was concluded for 10 years in 2017, and therefore the right-of-use asset is depreciated over 10 years:

| | Property (right-of-use asset) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Net value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 22,062 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 40,730 |
| December 31, 2023 | 40,730 |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 18,668 |
| Additions | 3,394 |
| December 31, 2023 | 22,062 |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2023 | 18,668 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 40,730 |
| December 31, 2024 | 40,730 |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 22,062 |
| Additions | 3,394 |
| December 31, 2024 | 25,455 |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2024 | 15,274 |

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Office rental contract related lease liabilities' maturity analysis is as follow:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Within 1 year | 4,273 | 4,358 |
| 1– 5 years | 11,425 | 7,067 |
| | 15,698 | 11,425 |

The Company's weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognized in the balance sheet at the date of initial application was 2%.

Current year lease payment was 4,273 euros (2023: 4,190 euros).

Interest expense on lease liabilities was 314 euros in 2024 (2023: 398 euros).

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10. Plant and equipment

Movements in plant and equipment are set out below:

| | Other equipment |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Net value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 531 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 780 |
| December 31, 2023 | 780 |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2023 | 249 |
| Additions | 257 |
| December 31, 2023 | 506 |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2023 | 274 |
| Gross value: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 780 |
| Additions | 750 |
| December 31, 2024 | 1,530 |
| Depreciation: | |
| January 1, 2024 | 506 |
| Additions | 375 |
| December 31, 2024 | 881 |
| Net value: | |
| December 31, 2024 | 649 |

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11. Investments

List of the Company's investments in subsidiaries is as follows:

| Subsidiary | Activity | Address | Share | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------|
| | | | capital | Curr. |
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | Real estate development | H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7. | 46,108 | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | Real estate development | H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7. | 23,000 | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | Real estate development | H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7. | 23,000 | EUR |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | Property operation | H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7. | 12,000 | Thuf |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | Property management, engineering and administration activities | H-1031 Budapest, Záhony utca 7. | 10,000 | Thuf |

All subsidiaries are 100% owned by Graphisoft Park SE.

Set out below the book value of investments in subsidiaries:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 1,720,039 | 1,720,039 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 7,849,863 | 7,849,863 |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | 1,009,449 | 1,350,449 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | 198,566 | 280,234 |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | 289,350 | 289,350 |
| Investments | 11,067,267 | 11,489,935 |

No impairment was accounted or reversed during the periods presented.

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The table below shows the movements in investments in subsidiaries in 2023:

| | December 31, 2022 | Capital increase | December 31, 2023 |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 1,720,039 | | 1,720,039 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 7,849,863 | | 7,849,863 |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | 1,009,449 | | 1,009,449 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. * | 107,418 | 91,148 | 198,566 |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | 289,350 | | 289,350 |
| Investments | 10,976,119 | 91,148 | 11,067,267 |

* On June 15, 2023, the Company made share capital increase in Graphisoft Park Services Kft. in amount of 1,000 THUF (2,673 euros). At the same time there was an additional paid in capital increase in amount 33,101 THUF (88,475 euros). The capital increase was registered by the Court with an effective date of June 16, 2023. As a result, the investment value increased by 91,148 euros.

The table below shows the movements in investments in subsidiaries in 2024:

| | December 31, 2023 | Capital increase | December 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 1,720,039 | | 1,720,039 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 7,849,863 | | 7,849,863 |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. * | 1,009,449 | 341,000 | 1,350,449 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. ** | 198,566 | 81,668 | 280,234 |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft. | 289,350 | | 289,350 |
| Investments | 11,067,267 | 422,668 | 11,489,935 |

* On October 8, 2024, the Company made share capital increase in Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. in amount of 1,000 euros. At the same time there was an additional paid in capital increase in amount 340,000 euros. The capital increase was registered by the Court with an effective date of October 15, 2024. As a result, the investment value increased by 341,000 euros.

** On June 14, 2024, the Company made share capital increase in Graphisoft Park Services Kft. in amount of 1,000 THUF (2,515 euros). At the same time there was an additional paid in capital increase in amount 31,476 THUF (79,153 euros). The capital increase was registered by the Court with an effective date of June 21, 2024. As a result, the investment value increased by 81,668 euros.

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Subsidiaries' own equity as of December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2024, are disclosed below:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 97,369,567 | 102,788,767 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 46,736,088 | 52,114,679 |
| Graphisoft Park South II. Development Kft. | 6,845,501 | 7,150,009 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft.* | 260,607 | 234,227 |
| Graphisoft Park Engineering & Management Kft.* | 436,956 | 428,591 |

* These entities keep their books in Hungarian forints; own equity of the subsidiaries for 2023 and 2024 are retranslated from forint to euro on the official exchange rate of MNB as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Own equity data of the subsidiaries are based on their statutory financial statements. Subsidiaries prepare and publish their stand-alone annual financial statements according to the Hungarian Accounting Law. Graphisoft Park SE's voting rights agree to its share in the subsidiaries (100%).

Impairment test:

At yearend Graphisoft Park SE performed the impairment test of the subsidiaries. In accordance with the IFRS accounting policy, the Company examines the value of the investments on each balance sheet date to see if there are signs of potential impairment. In doing so, the Company evaluated both qualitative and quantitative factors.

Examination of qualitative factors (e.g. decline in the industry or declining cash flows) showed no signs of impairment, and based on current plans, no significant changes can be predicted in the operation of either the Group or of any subsidiaries.

In the case of quantitative factors, the Company carried out (1) a comparison between the value of investments and the net assets of the subsidiaries, and (2) in the case of project companies owning real estate, the change in fair values according to the DCF-based real estate valuation compared to the previous year, as well as the compared to the book value, does it predict any potential impairment.

As a result, no impairment was recorded or reversed.

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12. Trade payables

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Trade payables – domestic | 14,238 | 24,180 |
| Trade payables | 14,238 | 24,180 |

The Company settles trade payables within the payment term, and had no overdue payables as of December 31, 2024 and as of December 31, 2023.

13. Payables due to related parties

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Trade payable | 13,771 | 52,349 |
| Payables due to related parties | 13,771 | 52,349 |

14. Other short-term liabilities

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Dividend liability (from prior years) | 3,792 | 7,758 |
| Other payables and accruals | 22,497 | 11,783 |
| Other short-term liabilities | 26,289 | 19,541 |

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15. Revenue

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Dividend* | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |
| Revenue | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |

* The Company received dividend from the following subsidiaries:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Graphisoft Park Kft. | 4,466,343 | 5,515,050 |
| Graphisoft Park South I. Kft. | 1,700,000 | 2,600,000 |
| Graphisoft Park Services Kft. | 88,390 | 81,921 |
| Dividend | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |

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16. Operating expense

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Employee related expense | 479,848 | 532,549 |
| Other operating expense | 289,314 | 342,758 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,811 | 5,929 |
| Operating expense | 774,973 | 881,236 |

Other operating expense consists of the following items:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Office and telecommunication | 7,808 | 8,690 |
| Legal and administration | 171,243 | 200,659 |
| Insurance | 22,462 | 25,471 |
| Stock exchange services | 54,803 | 62,779 |
| Other | 32,998 | 45,158 |
| Other operating expense | 289,314 | 342,758 |

17. Financial result

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Interest income | 80,328 | 54,390 |
| Interest (expense) | (458) | (314) |
| Exchange rate (loss) realized | (17,885) | (15,849) |
| Exchange rate gain / (loss) not realized | 8,222 | (2,692) |
| Financial gain | 70,207 | 35,535 |

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18. Income taxes

Effective from July 31, 2017, the Company became regulated real estate investment pre-company (and from January 1, 2018, regulated real estate investment company) and from that date the Company is exempt from corporate income tax and local business tax.

The effective income tax rate therefore varied from the statutory income tax rate due to the following items:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Profit before tax | 5,550,179 | 7,347,347 |
| Tax at statutory rate at 9% | 499,516 | 661,261 |
| Results exempt from income taxes | (499,516) | (661,261) |
| Corporate income tax | - | - |
| Local business tax (2%) | - | - |
| Tax expense | - | - |
| Effective tax rate | 0.0% | 0.0% |

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19. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are disclosed in Graphisoft Park SE' IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2024.

20. Treasury shares

Graphisoft Park SE treasury share details are as follows:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Number of ordinary shares | 549,076 | 549,076 |
| Number of employee shares | 862,954 | 772,954 |
| Face value per share (EUR) | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Total face value (EUR) | 28,241 | 28,241 |
| Treasury shares (at historical cost) | (981,273) | (979,473) |

As announced on March 12, 2024, the Company transferred 90,000 employee shares to Farkas Ildikó CFO.

21. Financial instruments

Book value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2023:

| | Note | Book value December 31, 2023 | Fair value December 31, 2023 | Difference |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 422,172 | 422,172 | - |
| Other current assets | 7 | 17,428 | 17,428 | - |
| Lease liabilities | 9 | (15,698) | (15,698) | - |
| Trade payables | 12 | (14,238) | (14,238) | - |
| Payables due to related parties | 13 | (13,771) | (13,771) | - |
| Other short-term liabilities | 14 | (26,289) | (26,289) | - |
| Financial instruments | | 369,604 | 369,604 | - |

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Book value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024:

| | Note | Book value December 31, 2024 | Fair value December 31, 2024 | Difference |
|---------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 335,799 | 335,799 | - |
| Other current assets | 7 | 7,770 | 7,770 | - |
| Lease liabilities | 9 | (11,425) | (11,425) | - |
| Trade payables | 12 | (24,180) | (24,180) | - |
| Payables due to related parties | 13 | (52,349) | (52,349) | - |
| Other short-term liabilities | 14 | (19,541) | (19,541) | - |
| Financial instruments | | 236,074 | 236,074 | - |

22. Related party disclosure

Transactions with subsidiaries in the normal course of business:

Revenue:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Dividend | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |
| Total | 6,254,733 | 8,196,971 |

Expenses:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Services used (office utility and operation fee; management fee; recharged legal fees) | 125,907 | 169,655 |
| Interest | 458 | 314 |
| Total | 126,365 | 169,969 |

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Liabilities:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Trade payables | 13,771 | 52,349 |
| Lease liabilities | 15,698 | 11,425 |
| Total | 29,469 | 63,774 |

Transactions (sales to and purchases from) with the related parties are made at market prices. No guarantees were provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. In 2024 and 2023, the Company has not recorded any impairment loss relating to amounts owed by related parties.

Remuneration of the board of directors, compensation of key management personnel*:

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Remuneration of the Board of Directors | 92,845 | 100,776 |
| Compensation of key management personnel (including provision of services that are provided by a separate group company) | 352,024 | 467,196 |
| Total | 444,869 | 567,972 |

* Key management personnel: the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

No loans or advance payments were granted to the members of the Board of Directors or the key management personnel, and the Company did not undertake guarantees in their names. In 2023 and 2024, key management personnel received only short-term employee benefits, no other type of employee benefit occurred in the periods.

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Interests of the board of directors and the key management personnel in Graphisoft Park SE:

| Shareholder | Shares (pcs) | December 31, 2023 | | Shares (pcs) | December 31, 2024 | |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | Share (%) | Voting rights (%) | | Share (%) | Voting rights (%) |
| ORDINARY SHARES: | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 16.12 | 1,789,082 | 16.83 | 15.99 |
| Bojár Gábor - Chairman of the BoD | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.19 | 1,685,125 | 15.85 | 15.06 |
| Dr. Kálmán János - Member of the BoD | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 13,500 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 90,457 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| EMPLOYEE SHARES: | 1,013,213 | n/a | 9.13 | 1,013,213 | n/a | 9.86 |
| Kocsány János - Member of the BoD, CEO | 923,213 | n/a | 8.32 | 923,213 | n/a | 8.25 |
| Farkas Ildikó - Member of the BoD, CFO | 90,000 | n/a | 0.81 | 180,000 | n/a | 1.61 |
| SHARES TOTAL: | 2,802,295 | 16.83 | 25.25 | 2,892,295 | 16.83 | 25.85 |

Information on shareholders and governance of the Company are provided in Notes 1.2 and 1.3.

23. Commitments, contingencies

Graphisoft Park SE has no significant commitments or contingencies as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

24. Financial risk management

Changes in market and financial conditions may affect results, assets and liabilities of the Company. Financial risk management aims to limit these risks through operational and finance activities.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty does not meet its payment obligations. The Company might be exposed to credit risk from its financing (deposits with banks and financial investments) activities.

Receivables from related parties:

Credit risk is limited as the Company fully controls its subsidiaries.

Cash deposit and financial investments:

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial investments is managed in accordance with the Company's conservative investment policy. To limit credit risk, reserves are held in cash or low-risk securities, with substantial financial institutions.

Liquidity risk:

The Company's revenues are sufficient to cover operating costs, and therefore liquidity problems are not to be expected.

The Company settles its payment obligations within the payment term, and had no overdue payables as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

| December 31, 2023 | Overdue | Due immediately | Due within 0-3 months | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Trade payables | - | - | 28,009 | 28,009 |
| Dividend liability (from prior years) | - | 3,792 | - | 3,792 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 22,497 | 22,497 |
| Financial liabilities* | - | 3,792 | 50,506 | 54,298 |

*Maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed under Note 9.

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| December 31, 2024 | Overdue | Due immediately | Due within 0-3 months | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Trade payables | - | - | 76,529 | 76,529 |
| Dividend liability (from prior years) | - | 7,758 | - | 7,758 |
| Other liabilities | - | - | 11,783 | 11,783 |
| Financial liabilities* | - | 7,758 | 88,312 | 96,070 |

*Maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed under Note 9.

25. Financing cash-flow

The table below provides a reconciliation between the lease liabilities in the balance sheet and elements of the financing activities of the cash-flow.

| December 31, 2023 | Opening balance | Increase | Settlement by cash | Settlement by non-cash | Closing balance |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Lease liabilities | 19,888 | - | (4,190) | - | 15,698 |
| Dividend liability | - | 5,433,541 | (5,433,541) | - | - |
| Total | 19,888 | 5,433,541 | (5,437,731) | - | 15,698 |

| December 31, 2024 | Opening balance | Increase | Settlement by cash | Settlement by non-cash | Closing balance |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Lease liabilities | 15,698 | - | (4,273) | - | 11,425 |
| Dividend liability | - | 7,057,819 | (7,057,819) | - | - |
| Total | 15,698 | 7,057,819 | (7,062,092) | - | 11,425 |

26. Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The management proposes to the owners to approve dividend payments or adopt other changes in the equity capital in order to optimize the capital structure of the Group. This can be achieved primarily by adjusting the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, or alternatively, by returning capital to shareholders by capital reductions, selling or buying own shares.

27. Approval of financial statements

On April 29, 2024, the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE approved the 2023 annual financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Together with the approval of the financial statements for issue, the AGM approved dividend distribution of 0.70 euro per ordinary share, 7,058 thousand euros in total, and in total 386 thousand euros on employee shares. The starting date for dividend payments was May 21, 2024. The Company paid out the dividends to the shareholders identified by shareholder's registration as of May 6, 2024.

28. Events after the balance sheet date

Proposed dividend by the Board

The annual financial statements of the Company for the year 2024 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2025. The Board proposes dividend distribution of 0.71 euro per ordinary share, 7,158,645 thousand euros in total to be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Graphisoft Park SE of April 29, 2025. The Board also proposes 0.355 euros dividend per share for employee shares. The Annual General Meeting has the power to amend the annual financial statements.

Dividend approved for the subsidiaries

On March 26, 2025, the following dividend amounts were approved for the Company's two subsidiaries:

- Graphisoft Park Kft.: 5,000,000 euros
- Graphisoft Park South I. Kft.: 4,500,000 euros

Employee share transaction

On March 20, 2025, 60,000 employee shares were issued to Fekete Csaba, Operations Director.

29. Additional presentations according to the Hungarian Accounting Law

a) Persons responsible for signing and preparing the financial statements:

The person authorized and required to sign the Company's financial statements is as follows:

Name: Kocsány János
Position: Chief Executive Officer
Address: H-1038 Budapest, Ékszer utca 4.

The person responsible for preparation of financial statements according to IFRS:

Name: Bodócsy Ágnes
Registration number: MKVK-007117

b) Statutory auditor and audit fees:

The Company is subject to statutory audit. The Company's auditor is Ernst & Young Kft. (address: H-1132 Budapest, Váci út 20.). The person responsible for signing the audit report:

Name: Domoszlai Rita
Registration number: MKVK-007371

The audit fee for the Company's stand alone and consolidated financial statements is 17,910 euro as of December 31, 2024. Audit related fees amounted to 6,650 euro. Non-audit fees totaled 4,500 euros in 2024.

c) Reconciliation of equity:

In accordance with paragraph 114/B of the Hungarian Accounting Law the financial statements include an equity reconciliation between the financial statements prepared in accordance with the basis of preparation note and the equity elements according to the Hungarian Accounting Law (HAL).

The equity reconciliation schedules below disclose the earnings available for distribution, which is the amount of the retained earnings plus profit after tax for the financial year closed with annual financial statements.

| Equity element | Equity under IFRS | Reconciliations | | Equity under HAL |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | | | December 31, 2023 |
| | Note | i) | ii) | |
| Share capital | 250,157 | - | - | 250,157 |
| Issued but unpaid capital | - | - | - | - |
| Retained earnings | 6,663,348 | - | (981,273) | 5,682,075 |
| Valuation reserve | - | - | - | - |
| Treasury shares | (981,273) | 981,273 | - | - |
| Restricted reserve | - | - | 981,273 | 981,273 |
| Profit after tax | 5,550,179 | - | - | 5,550,179 |
| Total equity | 11,482,411 | 981,273 | - | 12,463,684 |

Reserves available for distribution (retained earnings and profit after tax): 11,232,254 euro

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| Equity element | Equity under IFRS | Reconciliations | | Equity under HAL |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | December 31, 2024 | | | December 31, 2024 |
| | Note | i) | ii) | |
| Share capital | 250,157 | - | - | 250,157 |
| Issued but unpaid capital | - | - | - | - |
| Retained earnings | 5,153,908 | - | (979,473) | 4,174,435 |
| Valuation reserve | - | - | - | - |
| Treasury shares | (979,473) | 979,473 | - | - |
| Restricted reserve | - | - | 979,473 | 979,473 |
| Profit after tax | 7,347,347 | - | - | 7,347,347 |
| Total equity | 11,771,939 | 979,473 | - | 12,751,412 |

Reserves available for distribution (retained earnings and profit after tax): 11,521,782 euro

- i) Reclassification of value of treasury shares from equity (to other current assets).
- ii) Reclassification of value of treasury shares from retained earnings to restricted reserve (reserve not available for distribution).

30. Declarations

Forward-looking statements - This Parent Company Annual Report contains forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

Statement of responsibility - We declare that the Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and to the best of our knowledge, give a true and fair view of the statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of Graphisoft Park SE, and the Business Report gives a fair view of the position, development and performance of Graphisoft Park SE, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties of its business.